INTRODUCTION

The Department of International Relations is the oldest Department in the field of International Relations in Pakistan. It was established in 1958 and has the honor of offering Honors, Master’s, M.Phil, M.S and Ph.D. programs. Prior to its formation, the Department was under General History Department and Professor Dr. Mahmud Hussain was its founding Chairman. Dr. Muhammed Ahsen Chaudhry succeeded Dr. Mahmud Hussain as the Chairman of the Department. He was followed by Dr. Ahmed Abdul Kadeer, Dr. Mujtaba Razvi, Professor Shameem Akhtar, Professor Talat A. Wizarat, Professor Syed Sikander Mehdi and Dr. Khalida Ghous. Currently, Professor Dr. Moonis Ahmar is the Chairperson of the Department The Department has a faculty of 11 full time and four part-time teachers. It has 300 students at the undergraduate and graduate level.

Since its inception, the Department of International Relations has been active in organizing seminars, conferences and workshops. A number of books have also been published under the Department and several Research Projects funded by foreign foundations are presently being run by its faculty members.

The Department in collaboration with the United Nations Peace University shall offer MS degree in “Peace Studies”. Admission shall commence in October 2009.

The process of organizing programs, collaborative research and publications in the Department got an impetus in the decade of 1990s. Following international conferences and workshops have been organized by the Department since 1994,

1. Contemporary Central Asia in collaboration with the Hanns Seidal Foundation in October 1994.
2. United Nations at Fifty in collaboration with the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi in September 1995.
3. Conflicts and Conflict Resolution in South Asia in collaboration with the Hanns Seidal Foundation in December 1996.
4. Internal and External Dynamics of South Asia Security in collaboration with the Frederick Ebert Stiftung in December 1996.
10. The CTBT Controversy: Different Perceptions in collaboration with the Regional Center for Strategic Studies in April 2000.

12. International Workshop on *The Challenge of Confidence-Building in South Asia* in February 2001 by the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution (PPSCR), Department of International Relations, University of Karachi. Workshop was supported by the United States Institute of Peace, Washington Dc.

13. Regional Workshop on *Paradigms of Conflict Resolution In South Asia* in December 2001. Workshop was supported by the United States Institute of Peace and the Ploughshares Fund, San Francisco.


15. Regional Workshop on *The World After September 11: Challenges and Opportunities* in February 2003 by the PPSCR in collaboration with the Hanns Seidel Foundation, Islamabad.

16. International Conference on Internal and External Dynamics of Middle East held in August 2003 in collaboration with the Hanns Seidel Foundation, Islamabad.


18. Regional Workshop on *Teaching and Research Methods in Conflict Resolution* held in October 2004 by PPSCR in collaboration with the Higher Education Commission, Islamabad.


Following Research Projects funded by the International grant making organizations have been given to the Department: -

1. Peace by Process: Lessons for India and Pakistan from the Middle East by the Ford Foundation in August 1997. Amount of Grant US $ 73,000/=  

2. The Role and Relevance of CBMs in the post-nuclear South Asia by the U.S. Institute of Peace in March 2000. Amount of Grant US $ 30,000/=  

Prof. Dr. Moonis Ahmer  
Chairperson,  
Department of International Relations  
University of Karachi.
CRITERION-1

PROGRAM MISSION, OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES
Criterion-1 Program Mission, Objectives and Outcome

Standard 1-1: The Program must have documented measurable objectives that support college and Institution mission statements.

Mission of the Programme

The mission of the Department of International Relations is “to develop among the students academic and research skills required for critical evaluation of social policy, cross cultural issues and global affairs with special reference to Pakistan.”

A. Aims and Objectives of the MS Programme

1. To develop deep thinking relative to concepts and theories in International Relations.
2. To train students in the art of writing Master's theses and doctoral dissertations.
3. To provide an in-depth empirical study of different regions and areas afflicted with issues of conflict, security and peace.
4. To develop an inter-disciplinary approach amongst students and assisting them in coming up with fresh ideas and approaches.

B. Aims and Objectives of the BS Programme

1. To develop analytical and critical thinking among the students of International Relations.
2. To provide basic knowledge about the emergence of International Relations as a field of study and to study the key historical, conceptual and theoretical dimensions which influence IR in the contemporary world.
3. To discuss in depth different fields of IR with reference to various interdisciplinary approaches.
4. To enhance the level of students in research.

The four year programme has been introduced in 2007 and its final evaluation shall be done in 2010.

Standard 1-2: The program must have documented outcomes for graduating students. It must be demonstrated that the outcomes support the program objectives and that graduating students are capable of performing these outcomes.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES- MS Programme:

1. Students develop a deep knowledge of concepts and theories in International Relations.
2. Students' capacity to come up with fresh and original ideas and critique contemporary ideas is enhanced.
3. Students' learn to write confidently about their respective subject areas incorporating fresher and original approaches.

4. Student's learn to specify and specialize in their respective theoretical and empirical fields of interest and take an independent initiative.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES- BS Programme:

1. Students develop a demonstrable knowledge regarding concepts and theories of International Relations.
2. Students develop a demonstrable knowledge regarding different regions and areas of the world.
3. Students' research capabilities are enhanced and their writing skills developed helping them in formulating their opinions in a confident manner.

Standard 1-3: The results of program’s assessment and the extent to which they are used to improve the program must be documented.

a) Actions Taken (MS PROGRAMME)

   - Research work has been made compulsory.
   - Since 2007 the University has introduced new programme for MS. The eligibility criteria is BS degree instead of B.A. or B.A. (hons.).

Actions Taken (BS PROGRAMME)

   - The four year programme has been introduced in 2007.
   - Assessment shall made after completing of the course in 2010.

b) Strengths and Weaknesses of the Program

i) Strengths (MS PROGRAMME)

   - Course work has been intensified.
   - Research methods course is compulsory.

Strengths (BS PROGRAMME)

   - It is a 4 year programme
   - More intensive courses have been introduced
   - Research methodology course has been included
   - Two science subjects have been incorporated.

ii) Weaknesses (MS PROGRAMME)

   - Shall be evaluated after completion in 2010.

Weaknesses (BS PROGRAMME)

   - Shall be evaluated after completion in 2010.
c) Future Development Plans (BS PROGRAMME)

- The Department in collaboration with the United Nations Peace University shall offer MS degree in “Peace Studies”. Admission shall commence in October 2009.

Future Development Plans (BS PROGRAMME)

- The programme is in progress since 2007.

Standard 1-4: The department must assess its overall performance periodically.

a) Student Enrolment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>BS</th>
<th>MS</th>
<th>Total</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>87</td>
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<tr>
<td>2008</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>61</td>
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<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>15</td>
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</table>

b) i) Time for BS

   Four years

ii) Time for MS

   Two years

c) Employer’s Satisfaction

Employer’s Opinion Survey (Annexure-“A”) at the end of this report.

d) Research and Publications

Following Research Projects funded by the International grant making organizations have been given to the Department: -

1. Peace by Process: Lessons for India and Pakistan from the Middle East by the Ford Foundation in August 1997. Amount of Grant US $ 73,000/=   

2. The Role and Relevance of CBMs in the post-nuclear South Asia by the U.S. Institute of Peace in March 2000. Amount of Grant US $ 30,000/=   

Publications of the Department

1. Chaudhri Mohammad Ahsen, Pakistan and Regional Security, Faculty of Arts in cooperation with the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.

2. Ahmar, Moonis, Contemporary Central Asia (Karachi: Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, 1995).


5. Ahmar, Moonis, *The CTBT Controversy: Different Perceptions In South Asia* (Karachi: Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, 2000).


7. *The Arab-Isreali Peace Process Lessons for India and Pakistan*  
Edited by Moonis Ahmar  
Foreword by Boutros Boutros-Ghali  
Preface by Stephen Cohen  
Published by Oxford University Press, Karachi, 2001  
URL: [www.oup.com](http://www.oup.com)

8. *The Challenge of Confidence Building in South Asia*  
Edited by Moonis Ahmar  
Published by Har Anand  
Publication New Delhi, 2001

Moonis Ahmar  
Published by PPSCR & KUIRD  
Publication Karachi, November 2001

10. Paradigms of Conflict Resolution In South Asia  
Edited by Moonis Ahmar

11. The World After September 11: Challenges and Opportunities  
Published by: PPSCR & KUIRD in collaboration with Hanns Siedel Foundation, Islamabad

12. Different Perceptions on Conflict Resolution: *Need for an Alternate Approach*, published by PPSCR.


CRITERION-2

CURRICULUM DESIGN AND ORGANIZATION
Criterion-2  
Curriculum Design and Organization

Program of Studies offered

Since 2007, the department has introduced BS Four year programme and MS Two year programme from 2008. The former Honours and Masters programme has been closed.

Courses (syllabus) for MA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Course No.</th>
<th>Credit Hrs.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M.A. – Previous - 1st Semester</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concepts and Principles of International Relations- I</td>
<td>511</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Law- I</td>
<td>521</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Organization</td>
<td>531</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diplomatic History of Europe, 1789-1939</td>
<td>541</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foreign Policy Analysis</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concepts and Principles of International Relations- I</td>
<td>511</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Law- I</td>
<td>521</td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

| M.A. – Previous - 2nd Semester                       |            |             |
| Concepts and Principles of International Relations- II| 512        | 3           |
| International Law- II                                | 522        | 3           |
| Conflict Resolution and Crisis Management            | 532        | 3           |
| Political Geography                                  | 542        | 3           |
| Foreign Policy of Pakistan                          | 552        | 3           |
| Concepts and Principles of International Relations- II| 512        | 3           |

| M.A. – Final – 3rd Semester                          |            |             |
| International Political Economy                     | 611        | 3           |
| Strategic Studies                                   | 621        | 3           |
| Research Methodology                                | 651        | 3           |
| Optional                                            |            |             |
| West Asia and the Arab World- I                     | 631- A     | 3           |
| Northeast Asia                                      | 631- B     | 3           |
| South Asia- I                                       | 631- C     | 3           |
| African Studies-I                                   | 631- D     | 3           |
| North American Studies                              | 631- E     | 3           |
| European Studies- I                                 | 631- F     | 3           |
### M.A. – Final – 4th Semester

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>European Studies- I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contemporary International Politics</td>
<td>612</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science, Technology and International Relations</td>
<td>622</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Optional</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>West Asian and the Arab World- II</td>
<td>632- A</td>
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<tr>
<td>Southeast Asia</td>
<td>632- B</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>South Asia- II</td>
<td>632- C</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>African Studies- II</td>
<td>632- D</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russian and Central Asian Studies</td>
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<tr>
<td>European Studies- II</td>
<td>632- F</td>
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### Semester wise Courses (syllabus) for BS

#### COMPULSORY CORE COURSES IN BS FIRST YEAR:

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<tr>
<th>COURSE TITLE</th>
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<td>Pakistan Studies</td>
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#### DEPARTMENTAL COURSES IN BS FIRST YEAR:

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Year (Hons.)</td>
<td>Introduction to International Relations</td>
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<td>First Year (Subs.)</td>
<td>Introduction to International Relations</td>
<td>301</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>First Year (Hons.)</td>
<td>Global Issues In International Relations</td>
<td>312</td>
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<td>Second Semester</td>
<td>Global Issues in International Relations</td>
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#### COMPULSORY CORE COURSES IN BS SECOND YEAR:

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#### DEPARTMENTAL COURSES IN BS SECOND YEAR:

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<tr>
<td>Second Year (Subs.) First Semester</td>
<td>Social Change and Development Studies</td>
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<td>Second Year (Hons.) Second Semester</td>
<td>Diplomacy</td>
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<td>Second Year (Subs.) Second Semester</td>
<td>Diplomacy</td>
<td>402</td>
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<td>Second Year (Hons.) First Semester</td>
<td>Comparative Politics- I</td>
<td>421</td>
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<td>Comparative Politics-II</td>
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DEPARTMENTAL COURSE BS THIRD YEAR:

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Third Year First Semester</td>
<td>Concepts and Principles of International Relations- I</td>
<td>511</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year Second Semester</td>
<td>Concepts and Principles of International Relations- II</td>
<td>512</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year First Semester</td>
<td>International Law- I</td>
<td>521</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year Second Semester</td>
<td>International Law- II</td>
<td>522</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Third Year First Semester</td>
<td>International Organization</td>
<td>531</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year Second Semester</td>
<td>Conflict Resolution and Crisis Management</td>
<td>532</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year First Semester</td>
<td>Diplomatic History of Europe, 1789-1939</td>
<td>541</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year Second Semester</td>
<td>Political Geography</td>
<td>542</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year First Semester</td>
<td>Foreign Policy Analysis</td>
<td>551</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year Second Semester</td>
<td>Foreign Policy of Pakistan</td>
<td>552</td>
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DEPARTMENTAL COMPULSORY COURSES IN BS FOURTH YEAR:

<table>
<thead>
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<tr>
<td>Fourth Year First Semester</td>
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<td>Fourth Year Second Semester</td>
<td>Contemporary International Politics</td>
<td>612</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fourth Year First Semester</td>
<td>Strategic Studies</td>
<td>621</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fourth Year Second Semester</td>
<td>Science, Technology and International Relations</td>
<td>622</td>
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<td>YEAR</td>
<td>COURSE TITLE</td>
<td>COURSE NO</td>
<td>CREDIT HOURS</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fourth Year</td>
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<tr>
<td>First Semester</td>
<td>Research Methodology</td>
<td>651</td>
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<td>Research Report</td>
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**AREA STUDY COURSES (OPTIONAL) BS FOURTH YEAR:**

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<th>YEAR</th>
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<th>CREDIT HOURS</th>
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<tr>
<td>Fourth Year</td>
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<tr>
<td>First Semester</td>
<td>West Asia and the Arab World- I</td>
<td>631- A</td>
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<td>West Asian and the Arab World- II</td>
<td>632- A</td>
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<td>Northeast Asia</td>
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<td>African Studies-I</td>
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**CONCEPTUAL COURSES (OPTIONAL) IN BS FOURTH YEAR:**

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<tr>
<td>Fourth Year</td>
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<tr>
<td>First Semester</td>
<td>Human Rights</td>
<td>641- A</td>
<td>33</td>
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<tr>
<td>Second Semester</td>
<td>Human Rights</td>
<td>642- A</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Peace Research and Peace Movements</td>
<td>641- B</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Refugee and Migration Studies</td>
<td>642- B</td>
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</table>
Standard 2-1: The Curriculum must be consistent and support the program’s documented objectives

(MS Programme)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Program’s Objectives</th>
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<tr>
<td>Major Courses</td>
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<tr>
<td>701, 702, 711</td>
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<td>Elective Courses</td>
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Course numbers indicate fulfillment of programme objectives.

(BS programme)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Program’s Objectives</th>
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<tr>
<td>Major Courses</td>
<td>511, 512, 611, 612, 621</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective Courses</td>
<td>631, 632, 641, 642</td>
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<td>Thesis/Dissertation</td>
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</table>

Course numbers indicate fulfillment of programme objectives.

Standard 2-2: Theoretical background, problem analysis and solution design must be stressed within the program’s core material.

Standard 2-3: The curriculum must satisfy the core requirements for the program, as specified by the respective accreditation body &

Standard 2-4: The curriculum must satisfy the major requirements for the program, as specified by the respective accreditation body/council.

The Department follows the program approved by the bodies including academic council.
Standard 2-5: The curriculum must satisfy the general education, arts and other discipline requirements for the program as specified by the accreditation body.

The Department follows the program approved by the bodies including academic council.

Standard 2-6: Information technology component of the curriculum must be integrated throughout the program.

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Standard 2-7: Oral and written communication skills of the student must be developed and applied in the program.

Term papers are compulsory.
CRITERION-3

LABORATORY AND COMPUTING FACILITIES
CITERION-3: Laboratory and Computing Facilities

**Library**
The seminar library of the International Relations Department caters to the needs of the students as well as the faculty. The seminar library has more than 3000 books on various topics, besides this the library also subscribes to 15 research journals. The timings of the library are from 9 am to 5 pm.

**The Computer Lab**
The Computer Lab of the International Relations Department has been setup with the assistance of the Ford Foundation's project "Peace by Process". The lab houses more than 10 pcs connected via a network to the main server. All pcs have an internet connection via the LAN. All the pcs have multimedia accessories and lazer printers. The timings of the computer lab are 9 am to 3 pm. Internet browsing is free to all the faculty members and research assistants.

**Available Data**
The Department of International Relations has an extensive data of events shaping up in South East Asia and the Middle East.. The data is in the form of chronologies. The chronologies can be downloaded from the Ford Foundation project website at www.irdford.edu.pk, in the form of MS Word documents.

**Standard 3-1: Laboratory manuals/ documentation instruction for experiments must be available and readily accessible to faculty and students**
Relevant documents are available.

**Standard 3-2: There must be adequate support personnel for instruction and maintaining the laboratories**
A lab attendant is available to look after the lab.

**Standard 3-3: The University computing infrastructure and facilities must be adequate to support program’s objectives**

i) **Computing Facilities**
Available

ii) **Multimedia**
Available

iii) **Website**
The department has its own website i.e. [http://www.kuird.org](http://www.kuird.org) and is fully operational..

iv) **Internet**
Internet facility and a connection with main communication network of the University are available.
CRITERION-4

STUDENT SUPPORT AND ADVISING
Criterion-4  Student Support and Advising

Students of the department of International Relations have adequate support to complete the program in time and have ample opportunity to interact with their teachers of respective courses and receive timely advice about program requirements and career development.

Standard 4-1: Courses must have been offered with sufficient frequency and number for students to complete the program in a timely manner.

Department’s Strategy for Course Offering

The department offers courses for BS four years and MS two years after 16 years of education.

The time table is strictly followed to complete the program well in time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Classes per Week</th>
<th>Practical Classes per Week</th>
<th>Research Guidance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BS</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MS</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Standard 4-2: Course in the major must be structured to ensure effective interaction between students, faculty and teaching assistants.

As per specialization of the teacher. (Course allocation is made in the meeting of the faculty members.)

Standard 4-3: Guidance on how to complete the program must be available to all students and access to academic advising must be available to make course decisions and career choices

- The Chairperson of the department nominates a faculty member as ‘Students Advisor’ who is available to all students for course decision and career choices. The student advisor and the Chairperson help the students in providing information to the students who have recently passed out about the career opportunities available for them. Besides, the department’s assistance, the University also has a programme of Guidance and Counselling for the students.
- By providing facilities to the recruiting companies for on-campus recruiting.
- The Chairperson places on the Notice Board the opportunities regarding membership in technical and professional societies.
CRITERION-5

PROCESS CONTROL
Standard 5-1: ADMISSION PROCESS

Eligibility

As per approved by the Academic Council.

EVALUATION & GRADING SYSTEM:

As per University rules.

Rules Concerning the Promotion and Repetition

As per University rules.

Standard 5-2: The process by which students are registered in the program and monitoring of students progress to ensure timely completion of the program must be documented. This process must be periodically evaluated to ensure that it is meeting its objectives.

The Central Admission Committee admits the students as eligibility criteria.

Standard 5-3: The process of recruiting and retaining highly qualified faculty members must be in place and clearly documented. Also processes and procedures for faculty evaluation, promotion must be consistent with institutional mission statement. These processes must be periodically evaluated to ensure that it is meeting with its objectives.

HEC rules with approval by the University Syndicate are applied for appointment.

Appointments/ Promotion Procedure

Basic Pay Scale (BPS)

Appointments are based on HEC rules given below.

a. Lecturer (BPS- 18):

Minimum Qualification

Master’s Degree (first Class) in the relevant field with no 3rd division in the Academic Career from HEC recognized University/Institution. During the next two years (i.e. until June 30th, 2008) if no candidate is available without 3rd division in the academic record, then the University may forward the case for appointment of a selected candidate.
to the HEC for consideration and approval. No experience required

b. Assistant Professor (BPS-19):
Minimum Qualification
Ph.D. in the relevant field from HEC recognized University/Institution, No experience required.
OR
Master’s Degree (foreign) or M.Sc (Hons). (Pakistan) in the relevant field from HEC recognized University/Institutions, with 4 years teaching/research experience in a recognized university or a post-graduate Institution.

c. Associate Professor (BPS-20)
Minimum Qualification
Ph.D. in relevant field from HEC recognized University / Institution.
Experience
10-years teaching / research in HEC recognized University or a post-graduate Institution or professional experience in the relevant field in a National or International Organization.
OR
5-years post Ph.D. teaching/research experience in HEC recognized University or a post-graduate Institution or professional experience in the relevant field in a National or International Organization.
Minimum Number of Publications
8 research publications (with at least 2 publications in last 5 years) in internationally abstract Journals recognized by the HEC.

d. Professor (BPS-21)
Minimum Qualification
Ph.D. from HEC recognized Institution in relevant field.
Experience
15-years teaching / research experience in HEC recognized University or post-graduate Institution or professional experience in the relevant field in a National or International Organization.
OR
10-years post-Ph.D teaching/research experience in a recognized University or a post post-graduate Institution or professional experience in the relevant field in a National or International Organization.
Minimum Number of Publications
12 research publications in internationally abstracted Journals recognized by the HEC.

Bases for Appointments / Promotions
Four main areas where a candidate is evaluated for Tenure Track Scheme;
- Teaching
- Research
- Service
- Personal Characteristics

General Criteria for Appointment on TTS
All faculty members in any discipline are eligible to apply for appointment provided they fulfill the following minimum eligibility conditions;

a. Assistant Professor
Minimum Qualification
PhD from a recognized University with excellent communication/presentation skills.

b. Associate Professor
Minimum Qualification
PhD with 6 years post-PhD teaching / research experience in a recognized University.
Minimum Number of Publications
10 research articles published in journals having impact factor.

c. Professor: Minimum Qualification
PhD with 11 years post-PhD teaching / research experience from a recognized University.
Minimum Number of Publications:
15 research articles published in journals having impact factor.

Faculty Evaluation Process
University rules are adopted.
Standard 5-4: The process and procedure used to ensure that teaching and delivery of course material to the students emphasizes active learning and that course learning outcomes are met. The process must be periodically evaluated to ensure that it is meeting its objectives.

1. Process to ensure teaching and delivery of course material:
   a. Time table is strictly followed by all faculty members
   b. Chairperson of the department frequently gets feedback from the students during the semester.

Standard 5-5: The process that ensures that graduates have completed the requirements of the program must be based on standards, effective and clearly documented procedures. This process must be periodically evaluated to ensure that it is meeting its objectives.

   a) The department ensures that the graduates are punctual and fulfill the attendance requirement i.e. 75%.
CRITERION-6

FACULTY
Criterion-6 Faculty

Faculty members of the department of International Relations are active in teaching and research and have the necessary technical depth to support the program. Teachers attempt to cover the curriculum adequately and in case of need hold extra classes.

**Standard 6-1:** There must be enough full time faculty who are committed to the program to provide adequate coverage of the program areas / courses with continuity and stability. The interest of all faculty members must be sufficient to teach all courses, plan, modify and update courses. The majority must hold a Ph.D. degree in the discipline.

The department of International Relations is currently having the services of 11 full time and 4 part-time teachers. All are qualified to teach BS and MS Courses.

**Standard 6-2:** All faculty members must remain current in the discipline and sufficient time must be provided for scholarly activities and professional development. Also, effective programs for faculty development must be in place.

a) Faculty members of department of International Relations are considered current in the discipline based on the following criteria:

i) All teachers meet the HEC criteria for appointment in the respective cadre.

ii) Teachers generally participate in seminars, conferences at National / International levels.

iii) Teachers take interest in teaching and involve themselves in research.

b) Faculty development program at department level

i. University of Karachi has started Faculty Development Program with the help of HEC. Under this program non-Ph.D faculty are given opportunities to improve their qualification from technologically advanced countries of the world. Further, Post-Doc facilities will be available to the faculty holding Ph.D degrees. The University also helps to organize professional activities such as workshops, seminars and conferences. Two faculty members of the I.R Department are proceeding for higher studies in 2009.

**Standard 6-3:** All faculty members should be motivated and have job satisfaction to excel in their profession

To help the faculty of department of International Relations in their progress to excel in their profession, the department and institution has devised the following strategies:

i) The department ensure fair, timely selection, appointment/promotion as per HEC criteria
ii) Good working environment exists for research on International affairs and policies.

iii) Opportunities for foreign training and studies are also made available to the faculty members.
CRITERION-7

INSTITUTIONAL FACILITIES
Criterion-7  Institutional Facilities

Institutional facilities, including library, class rooms and offices are adequate enough to support the objectives of the program.

Standard 7-1: The Institution must have the infrastructure to support new trends in learning such as E-learning.

Computer and Internet Facility
The Computer Lab of the International Relationals Department has been setup with the assistance of the Ford Foundation's project "Peace by Process". The lab houses more than 10 pcs connected via a network to the main server. All pcs have an internet connection via the LAN. All the pcs have multimedia accessories and lazer printers. The timings of the computer lab are 9 am to 3 pm. Internet browsing is free to all the faculty members and research assistants.

Standard 7-2: The library must possess on up-to-date technical collection relevant to the program and must be adequately staffed with professional personnel.

a) Main Library

Faculty members and students of the department are allowed to use the main library even after normal working hours. The main library provides the following services;
   i. Course books
   ii. Digital library having access to journals and E-books

The main Dr. Mahmood Hussain library has a good stock of books on the subject.

b) Seminar Library

The seminar library of the International Relations Department caters to the needs of the students as well as the faculty. The seminar library has more than 3000 books on various topics, besides this the library also subscribes to 15 research journals. The timings of the library are from 9 am to 5 pm

Standard 7-3: Class rooms must be adequately equipped and offices must be adequate to enable faculty to carry out their responsibility.

Classrooms

The department has three class rooms with furniture, black board, overhead projectors etc. An office room with necessary facilities is also available.

Faculty Offices

Faculty members have separate rooms.
CRITERION-8

INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT
Criterion-8  Institutional Support

The department’s support and the financial resources for the program is sufficient enough to provide an environment in which the program can achieve its objectives and retain its strength.

Standard 8-1: There must be sufficient support and financial resources to attract and retain high quality faculty and provide the means for them to maintain competence as teacher and scholars.

The University authorities generally help the departments to retain qualified faculty members.

Standard 8-2: There must be an adequate number of high quality graduate students, research assistants and Ph.D. Students

The following Table shows the number of students enrolled in each program of the department.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>BS</th>
<th>MS</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Standard 8-3: Financial resources must be provided to acquire and maintain library holding, laboratories and computing facilities.

The University allocates funds for these facilities but these funds are less than the requirements.
COURSES & SYLLABUS

BS (First Year)       Credit Hours-3
First Semester
Course No: 301 (Subsidiary)
            311 (Honours)

INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Introduction

This course intends to provide basic knowledge about international relations. It exposes students to concepts, theories and emergence of International Relations as a discipline.

Contents

1. The meaning, nature, scope and evolution of International Relations
2. The nature and development of modern State-System
4. Imperialism, Colonialism, and Neo-Colonialism
5. Approaches/theories to the study of International Relations
7. Balance of Power
8. Foreign Policy: Determinants and objectives
9. Domestic dimensions of International Relations
10. Diplomacy
11. Globalization
12. International Law: nature, origin and development
13. Economic aspects of international Relations
14. The concept of war and peace in International Relations
15. New phenomena and concepts in International Relations

Suggested Readings

BS First Year
Second Semester
Course No: 302 (Subsidiary)
312 (Honours)

GLOBAL ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Introduction

This course aims at introducing the major issues concerning the international relations and their impact on the changing world of global politics. It is designed to generate
analytical understanding in students how different intra and inter state issues influence international relations and form the global politics.

Contents

1. Global issues: A theoretical foundation
2. The dynamics of International Order
3. Environment and economic development
4. The issue of terrorism and counter-terrorism
5. Poverty, population, culture and health issues
6. Nuclear proliferation and non-proliferation
7. Capitalism and global economy
8. Human rights and International Relations
9. Issues in developing and developed world
10. Changing dynamics of security
11. Issues of conflict and cooperation
12. War and Peace: Its causes & consequences

Suggested Readings


SOCIAL CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT STUDIES

Introduction

This course gives a historical and developmental perspective of processes of social change taking place across the world. It tends to introduce the theoretical and conceptual models of social, economic and political development in the modern world.

Contents

1) Concept of Social change in the post-colonial societies
2) Concept of Development in the post-colonial societies
   a. Development and society
   b. Industrialization and development
3) Causes of Underdevelopment
4) Terrorism, Violence and society
5) Politics of democracy and making of civil society
6) Political culture and Transitional societies
7) Ideology, Leadership and Political Institutions
8) Movements for Political and social change
9) Globalization and its impact on state and society
10) War and Peace in the World Today
11) Science and Technology: Lessons for developmental policy

Suggested Readings

Recommended Books


JOURNALS
1. International Affairs (London)
2. Foreign Affairs (New York)
3. Disarmament Diplomacy (London)
4. Survival (London)
5. Pakistan Horizon (Karachi)
6. Foreign Policy (Washington)
7. Current History (Philadelphia)
DIPLOMACY

Introduction

This course is designed to explore the role diplomacy plays in world politics and its functioning process. It introduces students to various dimensions, techniques and procedures of diplomatic interaction between and among states.

Contents

1. The definitional aspects of Diplomacy
2. Origin, nature and development of Diplomacy
3. Challenges to the Westphalian Diplomacy
4. Constraints on Diplomacy
5. Fundamentals of Diplomacy
6. Types of Diplomacy
7. Instruments of Diplomacy
8. Diplomats: Functions, privileges and immunities
9. Diplomatic rules and procedures
10. Diplomacy: The negotiating structure
11. Political systems and Diplomacy
12. Role of diplomacy in War and Peace

Suggested Readings

First Semester
Course No:  421 (Honours)

POLITICAL THOUGHT AND PHILOSOPHIES-I

Introduction

This course is designed to give the theoretical background to students about their discipline to enable them to have sound academic foundation. It aims at introducing classic political thought and philosophies that have helped formation of the global politics throughout the centuries. The course is divided into two-semester study. In addition to the different philosophies, the First Semester course deals with the Western thought whereas the Second Semester covers Chinese and the Muslim political thought.

Contents

Western Political Thought

1. Plato, Socrates, Aristotle: Philosophy, Bases of Philosophy, Comparison & Critique
3. Utilitarians: Philosophy & Applicability

Philosophies

- Nationalism
- Imperialism
- Democracy
- Socialism
- Communism
- Facism
POLITICAL THOUGHT AND PHILOSOPHIES-II

Introduction

This course is the extension of the First Semester course that deals with the Chinese and Muslim political thought along with the mentioned philosophies. Its objective is to make students familiar with the occidental and oriental philosophies and enable them to compare the two with a purpose to understand the causes of divergence and convergence in the world.

Contents

Chinese Political Thought


Muslim Political Thought

3. Jamalddin Afghani: Philosophy, Bases of Philosophy & Reforms

Philosophies

- Fabianism
- Syndicalism
- Anarchism
- Federalism
- Individualism
- Totalitarianism, Pluralism Vs Monoism
- Internationalism

Suggested Readings

CONCEPTS AND PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS-I

Introduction

This course on concepts and principles of International Relations introduces students to the core themes, issues and theories of International Relations. It provides students necessary theoretical and conceptual foundations for understanding and analyzing International Relations in today’s world.

Contents

1. International Relations and International History: An appraisal
2. Methodology of International Relations
3. Levels of analysis
4. Great debates in International Relations
5. Theory and theory building
6. Major theories of International Relations
7. Realism
8. Liberalism
9. Marxism
10. Game theory
11. Systems theory

Suggested Readings


INTRODUCTION

This course encourages the students to appreciate the issues, which concern world politics in the contemporary World. It provides them the essential tools for deciding what is most important in terms of dealing with the issues, which affect International Politics.

CONTENTS

1. International systems in World History
2. Power and the Nation State
3. Elements of National Power
4. Balance of Power
5. Nationalism
6. Imperialism
7. Diplomacy as a means of International Relations
8. Economic instruments of state policy
9. The meaning and concept of security
10. Propaganda and subversion as instruments of foreign policy
11. Problems of war and peace

SUGGESTED READINGS

INTERNATIONAL LAW-I

Introduction

The purpose of this course is to give an introductory knowledge about the genesis and development of International Law. The course provides students theoretical understanding of International Law which is necessary for analyzing the relations between and among states.

Contents

1. Nature, origins and basis of International Law
2. Sources
3. Subjects
4. Succession of states and governments: Basic doctrinal positions, scope of the expression “succession of states” circumstances giving rise to succession, different treatment of the various situations in positive law, depending on the cause and object of succession.
5. Nationality.
8. Permanent sovereignty over natural resources: Principle of permanent sovereignty as a general normative statement, control of foreign investments, nationalization and expropriation.
9. International rivers: Major theories regarding water rights of riparian states. Legal principles governing the use and expropriation of international rivers.
10. Law of the Sea (LOS). Main focus would be on LOS Convention 1982 with the brief treatment of areas such as territorial sea regime of transit passage, archipelagic states, exclusive economic zone, limits of continental shelf, right of access to and from the sea of land-locked states: international sea-bed area, settlement of dispute.
INTERNATIONAL LAW-II

Introduction

This course is designed to encompass the various issues of world politics with a legal perspective. The course emphasizes primarily on treaties, states, human rights and other relevant issues.

Contents

1. Law of Treaties: Main focus would be on the 1969 Vienna Convention on the law of treaties with brief treatment of areas such as conclusion and entry into force, reservations, interpretation, invalidity, breach of international law, error, fraud, coercion, registration and publication (just cogens and termination and suspension of operation branch, supervening impossibility of performance Rebus sic stantibus).
4. Environmental Protection: Environment heritage of all the peoples of the world, a factor for peace a factor for development, combating pollution. Sectoral resolution, global regulation of nature and its resources, 1992 Rio Convention.
5. Air and space Law: Air, freedom of the air & aircraft, ICA status of outer space, moon and other elastic bodies, boundary with airspace, space communications, registration of space for objects, liability for damage caused by space objects, use of outer space for peaceful purposes.
6. Use of Force: Brief history of the use of force, UN Charter as the basis of international peace: resource developments in the use of force.
7. Law of International Armed Conflict: Definitions international identification of international armed conflicts. Fundamental principles of humanitarian law, combatant and non-combatants weapon limitations and other limits, civilians and armed conflict, humanitarian limits on occupying forced prisoners of war, enforcement of humanitarian law.
8. International Law and national liberation movements and decolonization, peaceful coexistence and the rights of peoples, conditions for recognition of national liberation movements, legal regime relating to the status of national liberation movements.
11. Future prospects of International Law.
**Suggested Readings**

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

Introduction

The purpose of this course is to enlighten students about the emergence, growth and strengthening of International and Regional Organizations. It explores at length the role of League of Nations, United Nations and various governmental and non-governmental organizations in the promotion of international peace, security and cooperation.

Contents

1. Definitions, fundamentals, classifications, concepts and approaches of International Organizations.
2. States, sovereignty and international organizations
3. Inter Governmental Organizations (IGOs) and International Non-Governmental Organizations (INGOs)
4. Evolution, structure and functioning of the League of Nations
5. Evolution, structure of the United Nations
6. UN and its role as a peacemaker and peacekeeper
7. The challenge of reforming the United Nations
8. Globalization and international organizations
9. The phenomenon of regionalism
10. The future of international and regional organizations

Suggested Readings

CONFLICT RESOLUTION AND CRISIS MANAGEMENT

Introduction

This course is designed to develop conceptual, theoretical and analytical skills in students to help them understand basic aspects of domestic, national, regional and international conflicts and crises. It introduces them to methodology for the prevention, management and resolution of conflicts and crises at different levels.

Contents

1. Definitions, concepts, theories and types of conflicts
2. Emergence of conflict resolution as a field of study
3. Different roads to conflict resolution
4. Conflict resolution research
5. Conflict resolution workshop
6. Major players in the management and resolution of conflicts
7. The process of conflict resolution in South Asia
8. Definitions, concepts and types of crisis management
9. Crisis management in the Western and the Developing countries
10. The issue of crisis management in the post-9/11 scenario
11. Various case studies of crisis management
12. The future of crisis management

Suggested Readings

DIPLOMATIC HISTORY OF EUROPE: 1789-1939

Introduction

This course aims to examine the diplomatic history of Europe by focusing on the issues and events, which led to the emergence of modern global political order. It also aims giving chronological and thematic introductions of the major trends and developments particularly in Europe since the French Revolution till the second world war.

Contents

1. Introduction
2. The Renaissance, Reformation and Liberalism
3. The French Revolution
4. Congress of Vienna and the Concert of Europe
5. Matternich System
8. Unification of Italy and Germany
9. New balance of power and its ramifications on Europe - 1871
10. Russo-Turkish War and the Congress of Berlin - 1878
12. Europe between the Two World Wars: A diplomatic scenario
13. The Second World War and the unfolding of a new world order

Suggested Readings

POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY

Introduction

This course intends to provide basic knowledge about the factors of geography that influence world politics at large. It enables the students to understand the distinction between boundaries, frontiers and geographical and geo-political elements and factors that influence countries’ policies.

Contents

1. Political Geography as a field of study
2. Definitions, scope and status of political geography as a separate discipline
3. Geopolitics
4. Frontiers and boundaries
5. Political Geography and international conflicts
   a. The territorial Sea
   b. Problem of land locked states
6. The political geography of international rivers
7. Geographical aspects of relations between states
8. Political Geography- The economic dimension
9. Political- Geography of air: implications for use of outer space
10. Demography
11. Political geography after 9/11
12. Future trends in the field of Political Geography

Suggested Readings

FOREIGN POLICY ANALYSIS

Introduction

This course provides conceptual and analytical tools to study the making of foreign policy. It examines the role of various factors and institutions, which form and influence the formulation of countries’ foreign policy in today’s world.

Contents

1. Importance of foreign policy in international relations
2. Determinants of foreign policy making
3. The role of individuals, institutions media and public opinion
4. Intra and extra regional factors and the foreign policy making process
5. The importance of decision-making in the making of foreign policy
6. The role of transnational factors
7. Foreign policy making under different political systems
8. Foreign policy and globalization
10. New trends in the making of foreign policy

Suggested Readings

FOREIGN POLICY OF PAKISTAN

Introduction

This course intends to provide essential historical background to students for understanding and examining main determinations of Pakistan’s foreign policy. It highlights the features of Pakistan’s relations with its neighbors and other countries of the world.

Contents

1. Determinants and objectives of Pakistan Foreign Policy
2. Pakistan’s relations with its neighboring countries.
3. Indo-Pak Peace Process: Challenges and Prospects
4. Pakistan’s relations with the South Asian countries
5. Pakistan and the Muslim World.
6. Pakistan and the major powers.
7. Pakistan and the United Nations
8. Pakistan and the regional organizations
9. The impact of 9/11 on Pakistan’s Foreign Policy
10. Pakistan and the United States: Terrorism and War against Terrorism
11. Challenges and prospects of Pakistan’s Foreign Policy.

Suggested Readings


INERNATIONAL POLITICAL ECONOMY

Introduction

This course aims to explore the relationship between politics and economics of the World. It gives students knowledge about one of the pertinent approaches to international politics.

Contents

1. Fundamental concepts of international economics
2. The importance of economics in international relations
3. The emergence and growth of International Political Economy
4. The International Economic System
5. Instruments of international economics
6. The politics of international trade
7. The International Monetary System
8. The politics of foreign aid
9. The process of economic development
10. Globalization and multilateralism
11. The phenomenon of dependency and its implications
13. The International Trade Regime

Suggested Readings


CONTEMPORARY INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

Introduction

This course provides an in depth analysis of the global affairs in the light of post- World War developments. It also tries to examine various issues, which shape global and regional conflict and cooperation in the contemporary World.

Contents

East-West Relations

1. Impact of World War II on the structure of world politics
2. Emergence of super powers and bi-polarity; East-West confrontation and the Cold War
3. Sino-Soviet split and the Sino-American rapprochement
4. Detente, East-West cooperation, peaceful co-existence

Post-Cold War Era/New World Order

1. The disintegration of the Soviet Union
2. Europe after the Cold War
3. United Nations in the post Cold War Era
4. Russia in the post-Soviet era

New Poles of International Power and Influence

1. Emergence of China, Japan and Germany as economic powers
2. Non-aligned Movement in the New World Order
4. Regional and international conflicts

Suggested Readings

STRATEGIC STUDIES

Introduction

This course provides conceptual and theoretical insight about strategic and military affairs. It discusses major strategic concepts, doctrines and issues in the light of contemporary security discourse.

Contents

1. The importance of strategic studies
2. Fundamental strategic concepts
3. Definitions and scope of strategic studies
4. Theories and ideas of important strategists
   a) Clausewitz
   b) Mackinder
   c) Bismarck
   d) Sun Tzu
   e) Mahan
   f) Douhet
   g) Kissinger
   h) Mao Tse Tung
5. Contemporary strategic problems and issues
6. Development of military technology since 1945 and its impact on strategic thinking
7. War as a political institution
8. Nuclear strategy
9. Arms race, Arms Control and Disarmament
10. Terrorism
11. Nuclear Proliferation in South Asia

Suggested Readings

SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Introduction

This course aims to examine and highlight the role of science and technology in shaping the policies of states in today’s world. It provides information on major scientific and technological issues in the context of international relations.

Contents

1. Science and Technology: Conceptual appraisal, importance, impact on interstate relations
2. Communications’ technology and the international system. Types of communication systems; the role of communications technology on states and international system.
3. The role of technology in development of natural resources. Who controls technology and why? The role of Multinational Corporations
4. Nuclear Technology. Uses of nuclear technology, constraints in the transfer of nuclear technology, options for developing countries
5. Impact of Technology: Selected Issue Areas. The North-South gap, transfer of technology, energy and other resources, pollution etc.
6. International institutions and the Management of Technology. Assessment of the role played by international and regional institutions, directions for the future
7. An Assessment of the resources of Muslim and South Asian States. Availability of resources, world in the development technology, directions for the future
8. Science & Technology: Policies of selected countries. U.S.A., Russia, Peoples Republic of China, Japan, North and South Korea, Singapore, Taiwan, Malaysia, Indonesia and India
9. The making of Science Policy in Pakistan. Assessment of existing priorities, Directions for the future

Suggested Readings


**Journals**

1. Journal of Technology and Culture
2. Journal of Communication
3. Technology Review.
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Introduction

This course is designed to induct serious interest and expertise among graduate students for proper investigation and research on critical issues faced by people. Apart from gaining conceptual/theoretical knowledge about research and methodology, the course aims to generate ideas, questions and doubts about the basic issues faced by our society so that one can learn fundamental tools of inquiry and then embark on the concerned topics of research.

Contents

1. Definitions, scope and importance of research
2. Approaches to Research Methodology
3. Methods and techniques of modern research
4. Research problem and its explanation
5. Primary and secondary sources
6. Statistics and Research Methodology
7. Fundamental tools for writing a research paper
8. Techniques for collecting materials
9. Formulation and testing of hypothesis
10. The relevance of research methodology and the issue of social development

Suggested Readings

WEST ASIA AND THE ARAB WORLD – I

Introduction

This course aims to analyze the history, politics, culture, society and foreign relations of the West Asian countries and the Arab World. It is designed to generate understanding of the disputes and conflicts, which have had immense impact upon prospects of peace and development in this region.

Contents

1. West Asia and the Arab World: An Introduction
2. The Emergence of Lebanon, Syria and Jordan: A Comparative study of political systems
3. Egypt: the rise of Nasser, Egypt’s role in the Arab World, Egypt: in the post Camp David era
4. Arab Nationalism: The Arab League
5. Inter Arab relations: Past, present and future
6. The Palestinian issue: Genesis of the problem, Palestinians in Diaspora, Intifada and the Peace Process
7. Lebanon, Syria and Jordan: The challenge of modernity
8. The Middle East Peace Process
9. State formation in the region, civil society, bureaucracy and resource mobilization
10. Conflict resolution and crisis management in the Arab World
11. Nation building and state building in the Arab World
12. Political forces at work: prospects of Islamic resurgence
13. The role of major powers: the future of the Arab world
WEST ASIA AND THE ARAB WORLD – II

Introduction

This section of the course provides in depth information about Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Saudi Arabia and other important regional entities in West Asia and the Arab World. Moreover, this course investigates the possibilities for the prospects of peace and cooperation between and among the countries in the region.

Contents

1. Turkey: The Kemalist revolution
2. Turkey during the Cold War and after
3. Turkey: Political system and foreign policy
4. Iran under Shah, Islamic Revolution, political system and foreign policy
5. Saudi Arabia, U.A.E., Oman, Qatar, Kuwait: A comparative study of political systems and foreign policies
6. Iraq: Political system and foreign policy
7. Iraq under the U.S. occupation; resistance movement, emergence of new forces
8. The unresolved disputes in the Gulf, Iran-Iraq problem, Kuwait-Iraq dispute, Saudi-Qatar issue
9. The arms race: Role of major powers
10. The emergence and role of Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)
11. The Persian Gulf: disputes, role of extra-regional forces
12. Military and non-military security threats in the region
13. Confidence building, crisis management and conflict resolution the Middle East
14. The future of the Gulf region
   a) Management of resources
   b) Environmental issues

Suggested Readings


**Journals**
1. Current History
2. Middle East Economic Review
3. Orbis
4. Pakistan Horizon
5. Strategic Studies
NORTHEAST ASIA

Introduction

This course aims at introducing the history, politics and contemporary issues prevailing in the Northeast Asia. It is formulated to generate expertise among students about the various regional issues in the region, politics of major players i.e., China, Japan and the Korean peninsula and their interaction with the outside world.

Contents

1. The Northeast Asia: An introduction
2. Geographic, political and socio-economic characteristics of the region
3. Global politics and the Northeast Asia
4. China: political, economic, strategic dynamics
5. China's defense and security policies.
6. China's foreign policy: An assessment
7. Japan: political, economic, strategic dynamics
8. Japan's defense and security policies.
10. The Hong Kong settlement and its consequences
11. Taiwan's internal and external affairs of state
12. Korean Peninsula: political, economic, strategic and foreign policy dynamics

Suggested Readings
BS Fourth Year
Second Semester
Course No: 632-B

SOUTHEAST ASIA

Introduction

This course aims at introducing the history, politics and contemporary issues prevailing in the Southeast Asia. It is formulated to generate expertise among students about the various regional issues in the region, politics of major players i.e Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore and Thailand. Specifically the course deals with the issues of regional cooperation emphasizing upon the policies of the Association of the Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN).

Contents

1. The Southeast Asia: An introduction
2. Geographic, political and socio-economic characteristics of the region
3. Countries’ interaction in the region
4. Global politics and the Southeast Asia
5. Malaysia: political, economic, strategic dynamics. External policies
6. Indonesia: political, economic, strategic dynamics. External policies
7. Philippine: A case of political instability
9. ASEAN: Formation, policies & organizational procedure
10. ASEAN: Achievements and failures
11. Southeast Asia as a case of regional cooperation in the Asian continent

Suggested Readings

SOUTH ASIA - I

Introduction

This course aims to examine historical, cultural, political and economic landscape of South Asia. It also tries to discuss some of the critical issues, which contribute to the emergence of conflicts in the region and results into the deepening of under-development. The course also examines South Asia’s interaction with major powers of the world and its role in the international system.

Contents

1. South Asia: An introduction
2. Colonialism in South Asia and the struggle for national independence; problems of nation building
3. Features of South Asian economy, population growth, environmental hazards, debt problem, science and technology in South Asia and strategies for poverty alleviation and development
4. South Asia's trade with other regions, problems of intra-regional trade
5. Problems of governance in South Asia: Religion, ethnicity and politics; military and politics; inter state conflicts in South Asia
6. South Asia as a sub-system of international system
7. South Asia and major powers
8. South Asia and Non-aligned Movement, South Asia and the UN
9. SAARC: A Study of regional co-operation
10. South Asia: Futuristic trends
SOUTH ASIA -II

Introduction

This course provides an in depth information about the countries of South Asia in the context of history, geography, demography, politics and foreign relations. It also discusses some of the issues of development and political stability faced by the countries of South Asia.

Contents

1. South Asian states: Geographic, demographic, historical and cultural profile
2. India: Government and politics; economy; foreign and security policy; internal conflicts and movements for change
3. Pakistan: Government and politics; economy; foreign and security policy; internal conflicts and movements for change
4. Afghanistan: Government and politics; economy; foreign and security policy; internal conflicts and movements for change
5. Sri Lanka: Government and politics; economy; foreign and security policy; internal conflicts and movements for change
6. Nepal: Government and politics; economy; foreign and security policy; internal conflicts and movements for change
7. Bangladesh: Government and politics; economy; foreign and security policy; internal conflicts and movements for change
8. Bhutan: Government and politics; economy; foreign and security policy; internal conflicts and movements for change
9. Maldives: Government and politics; economy; foreign and security policy; internal conflicts and movements for change

Suggested Readings


**Journals**

1. Asian Survey
2. Pakistan Horizon
3. Regional Studies
4. Strategic Studies
5. Journal of South Asian & Middle Eastern Studies
6. BIIS Journal
NORTH AMERICAN STUDIES

Introduction

This course intends to discuss the historical, conceptual and theoretical foundations of North American foreign policies and their interaction with the rest of the world. It also examines the rise of the U.S. as a great power and its involvement in different regions of the world.

Contents

1. An introduction to North American Region:
   a. Theoretical and organizational aspects of American Foreign Policy
   b. Determinants, objectives and principles of American Foreign Policy
   c. US. Foreign Policy formulation and execution
2. U.S. and its rise to world Power status
3. American Foreign Policy during the inter-war period
5. U.S. and the United Nations
6. U.S. - Soviet relations since 1945
7. U.S. and Europe
8. U.S. and Asia
9. U.S. and Africa
10. U.S. and Latin America
11. U.S. and the Middle East
12. U.S. and the Gulf/Indian Ocean regions
13. American Strategic doctrines
14. US arms control and disarmament policy since 1945
15. U.S role in the post-Cold War International Order
16. Government and politics of Canada; the issue of Quebec
17. Foreign Policy of Canada; domestic factors, relations with the U.S: Cooperation or conflict
18. Foreign Policy of Mexico
19. Future role and challenges

Suggested Readings


Journals

1. Current History
2. Foreign Affairs
3. Foreign Policy
4. Pacific Affairs
5. Pakistan Journal of American Studies
6. Survival
7. World Politics
Introduction

This course discusses the historical, political, cultural and economic growth of Russia and its territorial expansion in trans Caucasian region, Central Asia and Siberia. It also examines the emergence of Soviet Union and its rise as a superpower. The emergence of independent Central Asian states after the collapse of the Soviet Union and their role in regional and world affairs has also been examined in this course.

Contents

Section – A

1. Geography, politics and resources of Russia
2. Russia from monarchy to revolution
3. The Soviet foreign policy formulation and execution in the post 1917 period
4. A study of Soviet Foreign Policy since 1945
   a) Soviet -U.S relations
   b) Soviet Union and Europe
   c) Soviet Union and Asia.
   d) Soviet Union and the Middle Eas.
   e) Soviet Union and Africa
   f) Soviet Union and Latin America
   g) Soviet strategic doctrines
   h) Soviet Union and the U.N
5. Soviet domestic and foreign policy under Mikhail Gorbachev: evolution and implications
6. The Soviet disunion: from Communism to plural democracy
7. Russia and the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)p
8. Goals and priorities and major initiatives of the Russian Foreign Policy
9. Russian Foreign Policy: Futuristic trends

Section– B

1. Salient features of Central Asia
2. Government and politics in Central Asia
3. Major issues in Central Asia: ethnicity, regional conflicts, Russian domination, economic development
4. Central Asia and the neighboring states
5. The process of conflict and cooperation in Central Asia
6. Pakistan and Central Asia
7. Future role of Central Asia in world affairs

Suggested Readings


**Journals**

1. Russian Politic
2. Asian Survey
3. Central Asia
4. International Affairs (Moscow)
5. Pakistan Horizon (Karachi)
6. Strategic Studies (Islamabad.)
AFRICAN STUDIES-1

Introduction
This course examines history, politics and foreign relations of African states with the rest of the world. It also highlights the problems of development and political stability faced by the African continent.

Contents

1. An introduction to Africa
   a) Importance
   b) Basic facts
   c) Political geography
2. African society, people, religion and culture
3. African ideologies, government, and legal systems
4. Colonialism
   a) Evolution
   b) Colonial Policies
   c) Concluding observations
5. National movements in Africa; the Horn of Africa, Southern Africa
6. Pan Africanism
   a) General principles
   b) Historical phases
7. Major African problems; poverty; debt burden, armaments, internal conflicts
8. The Organization of African Unity (OAU) and the management of violent conflict
9. Africa: The Non-Aligned Movement (NAM), The Organization of Islamic Conference (OIC).
10. Crisis areas in contemporary Africa: case studies
11. Africa and the U.N.
Introduction

This course throws light upon external factors, which are influential in shaping the dynamics of African politics. It explores the theme of colonialism, neo-colonialism and the modern day imperialism in the context of Africa’s position in the world.

Contents

Non-African Actors in Africa

1. United States Africa policy
2. Russia's Africa policy
3. Europe and Africa
4. The Arab interests in Africa; the Afro Arabs, Arab League
5. Israel’s Africa Policy

Government and Politics of Major African Countries

6. South Africa; Regional economic and political relationship, domestic Politics, Apartheid and Black Revolution
7. Angola
8. Nigeria
9. Zaire
10. Pakistan Relations with African countries
11. The future of Africa.

Suggested Readings

EUROPEAN STUDIES - I

Introduction

This course explores Western Europe’s history, politics and its influence on the outside world after the onset of Industrial Revolution. It aims to analyze the profound impact that the European world has had upon all the regions of the world.

Contents

1. Western Europe: Introduction to the region
2. World War II and its impact on the societies of West Europe
3. European economic recovery program: Its aims and objectives
4. The process and policy of integration in Western Europe
5. U.S and the Western Europe – Politico-economic partnership and competition
6. USSR and Western Europe relations in the historical perspective
7. NATO during the Cold War and after
8. Major West Europe states. Defense and foreign polices
9. Western Europe; the third world problems on the North - South agenda
10. Euro Communism - causes and consequences.
12. The peace process in the 1970s and beyond
13. West Europe in the post Cold War era.

Suggested Readings


**Journals**

1. Australian Outlook
2. Current History
3. Foreign affairs
4. International affairs
5. International Organization Journal of European Common Market
6. Journal of European Studies
7. NATO Review
EUROPEAN STUDIES - II

Introduction

This course studies in depth the politics and history of Eastern Europe, particularly in the post-1945 era. The course explores different dimensions, which have influenced Eastern Europe political dynamics in the Cold War and the post-Cold War world.

Contents

1. Introduction to Eastern Europe
2. Eastern Europe before the Soviet take over
3. Theory and practice of Communism
4. The Soviet take over of eastern Europe and application of Communism
5. Economic and political relationships in the Soviet block
   a. CMEA (Council of Mutual Economic Assistance) or COMECON as a tool of Soviet control over Eastern Europe
   b. Major uprisings in Eastern Europe: A reflection of Euro Communism
6. The collapse of Communist regimes in Eastern Europe and its causes
7. Eastern Europe's transition towards market economy since 1989
8. Government and politics of major East European States: Poland, Hungary, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Romania and Bulgaria
9. Eastern Europe and the European security after the Warsaw Treaty Organization (WTO)
10. Eastern Europe economic relations with the Western Europe
11. Nationalism and ethnicity in Eastern Europe. Yugoslavian disintegration as a case study
12. Eastern Europe relations with the U.S., Russia and the Third World in the post Cold War era

Suggested Readings


**Journals**

1. Current History
2. Foreign Affairs
3. International Affairs
4. Journal of European Studies
5. New Times
HUMAN RIGHTS IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Introduction

This course is intended to provide historical, conceptual and political dimensions of human rights in world politics. It discusses the concept of human rights with a pluralistic perspective keeping in view the major issues and challenges present in today’s world concerning human rights.

Contents

1. Human Rights: A conceptual framework
2. Human Rights in Western Political thought, Plato, Aristotle, Locke, Rousseau, Laski, Kant
3. Theories of human rights; theory of natural rights, Historical Theory of rights, Legal Theory of rights,
4. Moral, legal and human rights
5. The legal and moral foundations of human rights in Islam
7. The basis of democracy and human rights in Islam
8. Human rights and cultural relativism, Hohfeld's concept, human rights as minimum standard, the sources and significance of social rights, moral diversity, religion and ideology
9. Theory and structure of freedom in contemporary world; the values of freedom, the Empiricist-utilitarian tradition, idealist conceptions of freedom, relationship between security and freedom, conflicting freedom demands, determinants of psychological, social and political freedom.
10. The rights of the people under International Law
HUMAN RIGHTS

Introduction

This course is designed to introduce students the various perspectives found in the theory and practice of human rights and the organizations that institutionally monitor the conditions of human rights in the world. It examines the concept of human rights with multi-disciplinary perspective.

Contents

1. The impact of French and American revolutions on human rights
2. The world institutions and human rights, the League of Nations, U.N and human rights
3. Helsinki Accord and after
4. Enhancing global human rights; international human rights norms, case studies, types of violations
7. Human rights and international relations.
8. Theory of Human Rights in East-West relations, human rights in North-South relations, human rights in contemporary World society
9. Human rights and politics
10. The politics of human rights in global affairs
11. The ethics of human rights

Suggested Readings

BS Fourth Year
First Semester
Course No: 641-B

Credit Hours-3

PEACE RESEARCH AND PEACE MOVEMENTS

Introduction

This course is designed to highlight the theory and concepts of peace and nonviolence in the World. It discusses various peace movements and the role of various state and non-state actors in the area of such movements.

Contents

1. The pedagogy of peace: approaches to the study of peace
2. Peace studies: An evolutionary perspective
3. Peace studies and strategic studies: towards a theory of peace
4. The institution of war and War Resistance Movement
5. Disarmament and development; changing concept of security
6. Concept of power in peace
7. The great civilizations of peace: culture of peace
8. Nonviolence in religious teaching & practice
9. Contemporary peace and nonviolent movements, including the movement against hunger, disease, war and nuclear weapons and movement for democracy and civil society; Women's Movement; Human Rights Movement
10. UN, NGOs and the movement for political and social change
11. Visions of alternative futures

Suggested Readings


Various Studies of the UN and UN Agencies including those of the United Nations Institute of Disarmament Research, Publications of SIPRI, PRIO, Henry L. Stimson center and U.S. Institute for Peace etc.

**Journals**

2. Cooperation and Conflict
3. International Social Science Journal
4. Peace Review
5. Peace and Change
7. Pacific Review.
8. Peace, Security and Change
REFUGEE AND MIGRATION STUDIES

Introduction

This course explores the phenomenon of refugees and migration all over the world. It focuses on the consequences of displacement and statelessness in the world and on the strategies for alleviation and amelioration of the sufferings of the displaced. It highlights the different conflicts causing large scale displacements.

Contents

1. Refugees and Migration Studies: An introduction
2. Refugee definition: A historical study
3. Human Migration: A historical overview
4. International Law and refugees and asylum seekers
5. Modern diasporas: Causes and consequences
6. Refugees’ case studies: Palestine, Vietnam, Afghanistan, Bosnia and Rwanda
7. The League of Nations and refugees; UN and refugees: Intergovernmental Organizations, NGOs and refugees
8. Features and problems of post-Cold War migration
9. Refugee and immigration policy of major powers
10. Strategies to reduce refugee flow and forced migration
11. National and international Migration: Challenges for the future

Suggested Readings


**Journals**

1. Asian and Pacific Migration Journal
2. Journal of Refugee Studies
3. International Journal of Refugee Law
4. International Migration Review
5. International Migration
6. Population and Development Review
ENVIROMENT AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Introduction

This course throws light upon the growing human concern for the environment and its preservation in the light of increasing industrialization and urbanization. It discusses various environmental issues and conflicts and prescribes solutions for them particularly in the context of inter-state relations.

Contents

1. Environment and International Relations: Purpose, scope and importance
2. General ecology, Ecological System, man biosphere, ozone layer depletion, greenhouse effect, water logging, desertification, floods, biodiversity etc.
3. Why environmental problems persist? Traditional indicators: Air, water, toxins and consumer wastes, lack of planning and other factors
4. Pakistan's environmental problems and nature resource management, industrialization and Pakistan's irrigation/dams and environmental energy and environmental pollution in Pakistan.
5. International investment and it's implications for environment in Pakistan, mining and environmental policy
7. National Conservation Strategy Environmental legislation in Pakistan/Pakistan's Environmental Policy
ENVIRONMENT AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Contents

1. International Law and environment: International conventions on environment
2. International trade and environment: WTO and environment: ISO 14000; environment and Pakistan's economic relations with the world
3. International organizations and environment: UN and environmental EU and environment; SAARC and environment, ASEAN and environment
4. Interstate environment conflicts and conflict resolution with respect to North-South relations
5. Formulation of environmental Polices/Environmental diplomacy
6. Religion, culture and environment

Suggested Readings

ROLE OF CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

Introduction

This course examines the concept of confidence-building measures (CBMs) and various techniques of diplomacy, negotiations and mediation for the peaceful resolution of conflicts. It focuses on various military and non-military CBMs at the global level and also in the context of South Asia.

Contents

1. Confidence-building measures (CBMs) --- evolution and growth of the concept
2. Conceptual and theoretical basis of CBMs
3. CBMs as a methodology for conflict management and resolution, track two, back channel negotiations and cooperative security arrangements
   a. The role of track-two diplomacy
   b. The role of back-channel negotiations
   c. A policy of cooperative security arrangements
4. Military and non-military CBMs.
   A. Military CBMs: Hotline between military commanders. Force reduction, monitoring troop exercise etc.
      a. Hotline between military commanders
      b. Mutual balanced force reduction
      c. Monitoring troop exercises
      d. Open skies agreements
      e. Nuclear arms control.
   B. Non-military CBMs: Economic cooperation, political cooperation in resource development, conflict resolution etc.

a. Economic cooperation
b. Political cooperation
c. Cooperation in water resources, energy, environment, population, disposal of industrial and atomic water
d. Peaceful resolution of bilateral conflicts
5. CBMs in the post cold war era: problems and prospects
6. CBM culture
   a. The role of education
   b. The role of power elites
   c. Perceptions of masses
7. Regional case studies in CBMs; South Asia, Middle East, Central Asia, CIS, Europe & Africa, Central America & South America
   a. South Asia.
   b. Middle East
   c. Central Asia
   d. Northeast Asia
   e. Slavic members of Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)
   f. Europe
   g. Africa
   h. Central America
   i. South America

8. CBMs: A wave of the future

Suggested Readings


Journals

1. Contemporary South Asia (Oxford)
2. Eurasian Studies (Ankara)
3. Journal of South Asian Studies (Barkley)
4. Publication of Stimson Center (Washington).
5. Regional Studies (Islamabad)
6. Strategic Studies (Islamabad)
ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT

Introduction

This course highlights the issues of arms proliferation and efforts for the reduction of weapons. It examines the conceptual and theoretical dimensions of arms control and disarmament with reference to global and regional military expenditures and various efforts for the reduction of conventional, nuclear weapons and other means of mass destruction.

Contents

2. Disarmament & Arms Control: Relationship between Disarmament & Arms Control, Theory of Disarmament and its critics, various approaches to Disarmament as an effort to international peace and inspection, verification and enforcement
4. Case Studies: Arms Control policies of great powers and emerging nuclear states
5. Alternative security strategies: Confidence-Building Measures, Non-Offensive Defense

Suggested Readings

FACULTY

CURRICULUM VITAE
Faculty Members

Permanent Faculty

1. Prof. Dr. Khaleda Ghou (On Ex-Pakistan Leave)
2. Prof. Dr. Moonis Ahmar (Chairman)
3. Prof. Dr. Shaista Tabassum (Professor)
4. Prof. Dr. Mutahir Ahmed (Professor)
5. Dr. Huma Naz Baqai (On Ex-Pakistan Leave)
6. Mr. Amir Hameed (On Study Leave)
7. Dr. Naeem Ahmed (Assistant Professor)
8. Ms. Sheila Z. Ahmed (On deputation at the Area Study Center for Europe)
9. Mr. Farhan H. Siddiqi (Lecturer)
10. Ms. Nausheen Wasi (Lecturer)
11. Mr. Faheemuddin (Lecturer)

Cooperative Teachers

- Mr. M. Owais
- Ms. Nabiha Gul
- Mr. M. Faisal
KHALIDA GHAUS

Email: kghaus@kuird.org

PRESENT POSITION:

Professor, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi. Director, Centre of Excellence for Women Studies, University of Karachi. Hon. Director, SS College of Liberal Arts and Social Sciences. Hon. Director, Pakistan Center for Democracy Studies

QUALIFICATION:

Ph.D. in International Relations. The Dissertation is on the institutionalisation of Human Rights with particular reference to the European Court of Human Rights.

RESEARCH PUBLICATIONS

Foreign Policy of Pakistan: Imperatives and Future Directions. Published in Book, Pakistan Prospects and Perspective, 1998.
Coping with Retonal Conflicts A Theoretical Framework, Strategic Perspective Vol Z. No 4, Autumn 1995
The Kremlin Mistake I, Islamic Documentation And Information t Center series 0. 1991 Karachi.
The Kremlin Mistake 111, Islamic Documentation and Information t Center se”s Series X. I00 Karachi.
Lebanese Crisis: External Pressures and Internal Rivalries, Pakistan Horizon Vol:1a, No.3 July 1990
Pakistan's Relations with west Asia. Accepted for publication in ,r book. I University cat Peshawar.
United Nations and Human Rights, Paper presented in an International Conference on United Nations at 5O. Organised by Pakistan Institute of International Affairs The paper will he oublished in a hook f Concept of Equality and Gender Discrimination. Accepted fir publication in a hook of' K A. War-.I, 1 999.

MAGAZINES I NEWSPAPER

Fifty Years of Pakistan's Foreign Policy: An Analysis. Daily Jang 14 Angust 1997
The Problem of Ethnicity, Dqliy'Pakistaii'Tliic",;3OJtivll()O.
Lebanese Crisis: Rival Groups and External Pressures, Daily 'The -: Muslim' 29 Mew h
Female Education in Pakistan, Published by World t University Service Geneva May 1998
MAJOR RESEARCHES

Trafficking of Female and Children in Pakistan and within South Asia. All Pakistan study, LHR1 A, to be completed by Nov.


PAPERS AND LECTURES DELIVERED ABROAD

Pakistan's Relations with India after the Kargil debacle. Presentation made in seminar at Stimson Centre, Washington, July 1999. Women Studies in Pakistan: A Political Perspective. Lecture given in Department of Women Studies, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St- John,. Canada. 1999. Fifty Years of Pakistan Foreign Policy. Lecture given in the Department of Political Science, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John, Canada, 1999. Future of Indo - Pakistan Relations. Lecture given in the Department of Political Science, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St John, Canada, 1999. Sexual Harassment in Pakistan. Lecture delivered in Department of Women Studies, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John, Canada, 1999. Domestic Violence in Pakistan. Lecture delivered in Department of Women Studies, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John, Canada, 1999. Participated in a Regional Workshop on Sources of Conflict in South Asia: Ethnicity, Refugees and Environment, Kandy, Sri Lanka, 6-16 March 1997.


PAPERS AND LECTURES DELIVERED ABROAD

Pakistan's Relations with India after the Kargil debacle. Presentation made in seminar at Stimson Centre, Washington, July 1999. Women Studies in Pakistan: A Political Perspective. Lecture given in Department of Women Studies, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St- John,. Canada. 1999. Fifty Years of Pakistan Foreign Policy. Lecture given in the Department of Political Science, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John, Canada, 1999. Future of Indo Pakistan Relations. Lecture given in the Department of Political Science, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St John, Canada, 1999. Sexual Harassment in Pakistan. Lecture delivered in Department of Women Studies, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John, Canada, 1999. Domestic Violence in Pakistan. Lecture delivered in Department of Women Studies, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John, Canada, 1999. Participated in a Regional Workshop on Sources of Conflict in South Asia: Ethnicity, Refugees and Environment, Kandy, Sri Lanka, 6-16 March 1997.

MOONIS AHMAR
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Date of Birth: April 04, 1959
Nationality: Pakistani

OBJECTIVE:

TO SEEK EXCELLENCE IN THE WORLD OF KNOWLEDGE.

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

- M.Phil (1988) from the University of Karachi. Topic of dissertation: "The Soviet Interests and Involvement in South Asia".

Specialized in the field of Strategic Studies.
Bachelor of Arts (1978) from the University of Karachi in First Class. The subjects were International Relations (Major), Political Science, and General History (Subsidiaries).
TEACHING/ RESEARCH POSITIONS

1. Ist March 1983 to 31st October 1983. **Senior Research Fellow**, Area Study Center for Africa, North & South America, Quaid-e-Azam University, Islamabad.


4. 12 September 1988 to 28 February 1991 **Assistant Professor**, Area Study Center for Europe, University of Karachi.

5. 28 February 1991 to May 4, 1997. **Assistant Professor**, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.

6. 5 May 1997 to January 1 2001. **Associate Professor**, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.

7. January 1, 2001 to date, **Professor**, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.


9. **Visiting Research Associate**, Program in Arms Control, Disarmament & International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign from November 24, 1994 to May 20, 1996. Also worked as a Visiting Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign during Spring semester, 1995.


11. **Scholar in Residence**, Middle East Institute and Visiting Scholar, Center for Strategic and International Studies, Washington DC from September 13 to October 10, 1999.

12. **Visiting Fellow** at the Kroc Institute of International Peace Studies, University of Notre Dame, Indiana from October 11 to December 14, 1999.


15. **Visiting Fellow**, Max Planck Institute for International and Foreign Criminal Law, Freiburg, Germany from June 02t to August 27, 2008.

FIELD OF SPECIALIZATION

Conflict Resolution and Confidence Building Measures (CBMs) with particular reference to Middle East, South Asia and Central Asia.

TEACHING

I have taught following courses since 1986 to-date to the students of B.A (Hons) First Year, M.A (Previous) M.A (Final) and M.Phil.

1. The United States in World Affairs.

2. Russian and Central Asian Affairs.

3. International Organizations.

4. Foreign Policy of Pakistan.

5. Introduction to International Relations.

6. Research Methodology.
7. Political Geography
9. Global Issues
10. Introduction to Comparative Politics to the undergraduate students of Political Science Department, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign.

PUBLICATIONS

• Books

5. The CTBT Controversy: Different Perceptions In South Asia (Edited) (Karachi: Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, 2000), pp. 153.
10. The World after September 11: Challenges and Opportunities (Edited) (Karachi: Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, 2003). pp.322

• BOOK CHAPTERS

5. Conflict Resolution in Central Asia: A Case Study of Confidence-Building in S.M. Hider, Pakistan Central Asia and the Region (Lahore: Progressive Publishers, pp.319-342
15. "West Asia and Palestine Talks” in Dipanker Banerjee (ed.), CBMs In South Asia: Potential And Possibilities (Colombo: Regional Center for Strategic Studies, April 2000), pp.15-26.


RESEARCH ARTICLES


57. “Pakistan, India, China Triangle” Margalla Papers, 2004 (Islamabad) pp. 36-46.
60. “South Asian Response to the War on Terror” Journal of Political Studies (Lahore) Vol. XI, Summer 2007, pp. 1-10

OTHERS
PROFILE

MONOGRAPHS

2. **Indo-Pakistan Normalization Process:** The Role of CBMs in the post-Cold War Era. Published as an Occasional Paper by Program In Arms Control, Disarmament and International Security, (ACDIS) University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign, U.S.A. November 1993, pp.1-19.
3. **The Road To Peace In South Asia**: Lessons For India And Pakistan From The Arab-Israeli Peace Published as an Occasional Paper by the Program In Arms Control, Disarmament & International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, U.S.A., August 1996, pp.62.

4. **Pakistan and Bangladesh**: From Conflict To Cooperation Published as BISS Papers, 19 by the Bangladesh Institute of Strategic and International Studies, Dhaka, March 2003, pp. 59. Also published by the Pakistan Study Center, University of Karachi.

### PROJECTS COMPLETED

1. Project Director of a project funded by the Ford Foundation “Peace by process: lessons for India and Pakistan from the Middle East.”

2. Report of the Project entitled, The Road to Peace In South Asia: Relevance and Irrelevance of the Middle East Experience (Karachi: Department of International Relations, June 1999).


5. Project Director of a project funded by the United States Institute of Peace “The Role and Relevance of Confidence-Building Measures in post-Nuclear South Asia.”


9. War avoidance between India and Pakistan. Funded by the Research Facility Center, Faculty of Arts, University of Karachi and completed in 1993.

10. Conflict resolution and confidence building between India and Pakistan: a study of perceptions. Funded by the Research Facility Center, Faculty of Arts, University of Karachi and completed in 1997.

11. Communication linkage between Pakistan and Central Asia: A study of KKH. Funded by the Research Facility Center, University of Karachi, 2002.


14. Project on Database on terrorist and violent conflicts in South Asia sponsored by Regional Center for Strategic Studies, Colombo, Sri Lanka. Website: www.ribt.org


### Articles published in newspapers and magazines

Published articles on themes related to Conflict Resolution and Confidence-Building

### Measures in following newspapers and magazines:-

1. Defense Journal

2. Daily Dawn (Karachi)
3. Globe (Karachi)
4. India Abroad (New York)
5. Pakistan and Gulf Economist (Karachi)
6. Probe (Weekly) Dhaka
7. South Asia (Karachi)
8. The Daily Star (Dhaka)
9. The Hindustan Times (New Delhi)
10. The Independent (Dhaka)
11. The Holiday (Dhaka)
12. Times of India (New Delhi)
13. Third World International (Karachi)
14. The Muslim (Islamabad)
15. The Nation (Lahore)
16. The New Nation (Dhaka)
17. The News International (Karachi)

SEMINARS ATTENDED/LECTURES DELIVERED

Attended Seminars and delivered Lectures in Austria, Bangladesh, India, Egypt, Germany, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Switzerland, Thailand, Turkey, Pakistan, Peoples Republic of China and the United States.

INTERNATIONAL SEMINARS/CONFERENCES

1. Represented Pakistan in a Sub-Asian Regional Symposium on "Peace, development, Disarmament and International Security". The United Schools International organized the seminar with the assistance of UNESCO in New Delhi from December 23-28, 1985.
5. Presented a paper entitled, "European Union and the SAARC: Pakistan's Perspective" in an International Seminar organized by the Center for West European Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, on September 16, 1990.
6. Participated in a workshop on "Approaches and methods in conflict resolution" at the Wayne State University, Detroit, United States on October 3, 1991.
7. Participated in a seminar on "Regional Security" organized by Program In Arms Control, Disarmament and International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, United States on October 6, 1991.
8. Participated in a seminar on "dispute resolution" organized by the Center for South Asian Studies, University of California, Berkeley, United States on October 14, 1991.
10. Read a paper entitled, "Security and Disarmament in the Asia/Pacific Region: The South Asian Perspective" on March 24, 1992. The conference was organized by the UN Institute for Disarmament Research in Beijing, Peoples Republic China.


12. Read a Paper on "India's role in the New Central Asia" in an International Conference organized by the Institute of Central and West Asian Studies at Karachi in November 1993.

13. Read a paper in an International Seminar on "Conflict management and confidence building: the relevance of cooperation in non-military areas between India and Pakistan". The Bangladesh Institute of Strategic and International Studies (BIISS) in Dhaka organized the conference from February 06-08, 1994.

14. Read a paper on "Conflict Resolution and Confidence-Building in Central Asia" organized by the Institute of Strategic Studies, Islamabad, on March 20, 1994.


17. Participated in an international conference on "Security and Conflict Resolution in South Asia" organized by Mershan Center, Ohio State University at Salzburg from June 28-30, 1994.

18. Participated in a workshop organized by the Mershan Center, The Ohio State University, at Columbus on "Conflict Resolution in South Asia" from June 09-13, 1995.


22. Read a paper entitled, “Pakistan and the Afghan power struggle” in a conference on, “Afghanistan” organized by the Center for Asian Studies, University of Cairo, Giza, Egypt, in December, 1997.


24. Read a paper on “the concept of peace process” at an International Workshop organized under the Ford Foundation/International Relations Department research project lessons for India and Pakistan from the Arab-Israeli peace process in Karachi on September 2, 1998.

25. Presented a paper on, “the concept of Peace Process” at an International Workshop organized by Center for Asian Studies, University of Cairo, Giza in Portsaid on February 11-13, 1999. The Workshop was held under the Ford Foundation/International Relations Department Research Project “Lessons for India and Pakistan from the Arab-Israeli Peace Process”


Nehru University and Kroc Institute of International Peace Studies, University of Notre Dame Indiana in March 2000.


35. “Linking and Promoting Track-II Diplomacy in South Asia,” paper presented at a three-day international seminar organized by the Bangladesh Institute of Strategic and International Studies, Dhaka on October 8, 2002.


38. Gave a presentation on “Database on Terrorism” at a seminar organized by the Regional Center for Strategic Studies, Colombo on July 4, 2003.


42. Presented a paper on, “The Dynamics of Sectarian Conflict in Pakistan” at the International Summer Academy on Conflict Management held at Bad Stafeslstein, Germany and organized by the Max Planck Institute for Foreign and International Criminal Law in September 2004.


44. Participated in an International Conferences held at Williamsberg, Virginia on “The Future of Democracy” on September 16-19. The Conference was organized by the World Forum on the Future of Democracy and was participated by 100 delegates from 16 emerging democracies.

TALKS AND PAPER PRESENTATIONS (INTERNATIONAL)

1. Delivered a lecture at a seminar "Indo-Pakistan Relations” on February 26, 1989. The lecture was organized by the Indian Council of World Affairs” New Delhi., India.

2. Delivered a talk on "Helsinki model for the South Asian Security" at the South Asian Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi on September 19, 1990.
3. Delivered a talk on "Conflict Resolution and Confidence-Building in Central Asia: The Role of ECO" sponsored by the Program in South and West Asian Studies, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, United States on March 30, 1993.

4. Delivered a talk at a symposium on "Security Environment in South Asia" organized by Program in South and West Asian Studies, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, United States on April 8, 1993.

5. Delivered a talk on "Conflict Resolution in Central Asia and the Role of Confidence-Building Measures" organized by the Institute on Global Conflict and Cooperation, University of California at San Diego, United States on May 4, 1993.

6. Delivered at talk on "Conflict Resolution and Confidence-Building between India and Pakistan" organized Professor John Harvey of Center for Strategic Affairs, Stanford University, United States on May 09, 1993.

7. Delivered at Talk on "Indo-Pakistan normalization process and the role of CBMs" organized by Professor Damodar SarDesai, Department of History, University of California at Los Angeles, United States on May 12,1993.


9. Delivered a talk on "Kashmir: a just solution" organized by the Program In Arms Control, Disarmament and International Security and the Program on South and West Asian Studies, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, on April 5, 1995.

10. Delivered at talk on “The future of South Asia” at a seminar organized by the Program In Arms Control, Disarmament and International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign on May 03, 1995.

11. Gave a talk on "Should the U.S. initiate a peace process in South Asia" at a seminar organized by the Program In Arms Control, Disarmament and International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign in October 1995.

12. Gave a talk on "A second Jewish-Muslim Reconciliation? Pakistan-Israel Relations" at the Program In Arms Control, Disarmament and International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign on February 9, 1996.

13. Gave a presentation on "the role of ethnicity and religion in Central Asia" at a workshop on "The Three Asias" organized by the Program In South And West Asian Studies with the elaboration of Program In Arms Control Disarmament And International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign on April 28, 1996.

14. Gave a presentation on, "the road to peace in South Asia: lessons for India and Pakistan from the Arab-Israeli peace process" in a workshop on the Middle East/South Asia peace processes held at the Program In Arms Control, Disarmament And International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign on April 29, 1996.

15. Presented a paper on, August 1, 1997on “Vision for the peace process” organized by the Program In Arms Control, Disarmament & International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, United States.


17. Gave a presentation on, “Strategic connections between Middle East and South Asia” at Center for Strategic and International Studies, Washington DC on October 4, 1999.


20. “Implications of Coup in Pakistan” at the Program In Arms Control, Disarmament & International Security, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign on November 19, 1999.

23. Gave a talk on, “Bangladesh and Pakistan: Moving beyond rhetoric and emotions” at the Department of International Relations, University of Dhaka on March 7, 2002.
24. Gave a talk on, “South Asia after September 11” at the Department of Political Science and Public Administration, Shah Jalal University, Sylhet on April 22, 2002.
25. Gave a talk on, “Bangladesh and Pakistan: Conflict and Cooperation” at the Department of Political Science, Jahangir Nagar University, Savor on May 06, 2002.
26. Gave a talk on, “Bangladesh and Pakistan: Conflict and Cooperation” at the Department of Political Science, Rajshahi University on August 18, 2002.
27. Presented a paper at a seminar on, “Bangladesh and Pakistan: Conflict or Cooperation” organized by the Research Society of Bangladesh, Chittagong on August 30, 2002.
28. Gave a talk on, “The Future of Bangladesh-Pakistan Relations” at the Department of Political Science, Chittagong University on September 2, 2002.
32. Discussed at an International Conference on “Japan-South Asia Relations” organized by the Japan Study Center, University of Dhaka, Bangladesh on July 31, 2006.
36. Gave a talk on, “What went wrong in Pak-Afghan Relations” at the South Asian Institute, Heidelberg University, Germany on July 4, 2008.
37. Gave a presentation on, “Pakistan’s strategic role in Asia: A key player in war against terrorism”? at the Summer Academy of German Council on Foreign Relations, Berlin on July 17, 2008.
38. Gave a talk on, “Pakistan’s internal and external security dynamics” at the Asia Section, German Institute of Strategic and Security Affairs, Berlin on July 17, 2008.

TALKS AND PRESENTATIONS DELIVERED IN PAKISTAN

1. Delivered a talk in a seminar organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi on "Superpower Rivalry in the Indian Ocean" on July 30, 1986.
2. Delivered a talk on "Foreign Policy of Pakistan: options and challenges” at a seminar organized by the Rotary International, Karachi in October 1988.
3. Read a paper on "Sino-Soviet détente and its impact on Asian Security" at the Area Study Center for Central Asia University of Peshawar on December 14, 1989.
4. Read a paper on "Implications of Perestroika on the Soviet Central Asian Republics” at the Area Study Center for Central Asia, University of Peshawar on February 8, 1991.


9. Read a paper on "Non-military CBMs in South Asia: Pakistan's Perspective" in a national seminar entitled Pakistan's security concerns organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi on April 24, 1994.

10. Read a paper on "United States and Central Asia: Distant Neighbors" in a conference organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi with the collaboration of Hanns Seidel Foundation in Karachi on October 30-31, 1994.


12. Presented a paper on October 20, 1996 on "The politics of ethnicity and nationalism in Europe and South Asia: lessons from the European experience" organized by the Area Study Center for Europe, University of Karachi in collaboration with the Hanns Seidel Foundation, Germany.

13. Presented a paper on December 2, 1996 on "Conflict management and the role of third party mediation" organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi in collaboration with the Hanns Seidel Foundation, Germany.


15. Gave a presentation on, "ASEAN and the Far East" at the Command and Staff College, Quetta in May 1997.


17. Gave a presentation on, “Islam in America: image and reality” at a conference organized by the American Studies Center, Quaid-e-Azam University, Islamabad on October 10, 1998.


23. Gave a presentation on, “The growing strategic partnership between USA-India, Russia – India and its impact on Pakistan” at the Air War College, Karachi on November 03, 2000.


25. Gave a presentation in an international workshop on, “The Rationale of Confidence-Building Measures” organized under the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi on February 23, 2001.
26. Gave a presentation in a workshop on, “Why rethinking the paradigms of conflict resolution” on December 22, 2001 held under the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.

27. Presented a paper on, “Civil Society of Bangladesh and the challenge of Peace: Lessons for South Asia” at the fifth Sustainable Development Policy Institute Conference held in Islamabad on November 01, 2002.


29. Gave a presentation at a two-day international conference, “A New Peace And A New War” organized by the International Center for Peace and Conflict Resolution, held in Islamabad in May 2004.


31. Gave a talk at the Command and Staff College, Quetta, “Research Methodology” on February 24, 2005.

32. Presented a paper on, “The implications of EU’s enlargement” at a seminar organized by the Area Study Center for Europe, University of Karachi on March 01, 2005.


34. Presented a paper on “Theory and Practice of Work Ethics: A Case Study of Pakistan” at a two day national conference on Ethics, Values and Social Transformation: perspectives from Pakistan” by United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Islamabad and Department of International Relations, University of Karachi on September 23, 2005.


36. Gave a talk at Pakistan Naval Academy, Karachi on August 24, 2007 on, “Quaid’s Vision of Pakistan.”


38. Presented a paper on “Contemporary Sino-Russian Relations and their Strategic and Economic Significance” in one-day seminar on, Sino-Indian-Russia Triangle and its Impact on South Asian Politics held at the Area Study Center for Europe, University of Karachi on December 15, 2007.

39. Gave a talk on, “EU-Asia Relations: Problems and Prospects” at the Area Study Center for Europe, University of Karachi on February 6, 2008.


41. Presented a paper on, "International Relations and Research Methodology" at the First International Relations Conference held at the Arts Auditorium, University of Karachi and sponsored by the Higher Education Commission, Islamabad on March 26-27, 2008.

42. Presented a paper on, "Soft Power and Foreign Policy Making Process” in a two-day workshop on Foreign Policy Making Process held at the Goethe Institut on April 28-29, 2008 in collaboration with the Hanns Seidel Foundation, Islamabad.

HONORS


SUPERVISION OF Ph.D. STUDENTS

Supervised two Ph.D. students. Currently, four students are doing M.Phil research under my guidance.

LEADERSHIP QUALITIES

1. Organized an International Conference on "Contemporary Central Asia" with the collaboration of Department of International Relations, University of Karachi and Hanns Seidel Foundation in Karachi on October 30-31, 1994.
2. Organized an International Workshop on "Internal and External Dynamics of South Asian Security" with the collaboration of Department of International Relations, University of Karachi and Frederick Ebert Stifling on December 8, 1996.
6. Organized a seminar on, “The CTBT Controversy: Different Perceptions” under the auspices of International Relations Department, University of Karachi on April 29, 2000.
16. Developed a computer lab and conference room at the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.

17. Developed the website of the Department at www.kuird.org and also website of Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution at www.ppscr.org under my supervision.

18. Modernized the Seminar Library, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.

19. Organized 160 programs under the Graduate Studies Discussion Group (GSDG) on various topics of International Affairs since August 1996. GSDG is a weekly discussion program held in the Department involving graduate students, faculty members and guest speakers. For details see, www.kuird.org

20. Elected Member of Karachi University Senate.

21. Member of Karachi University Academic Council.

22. Member, Board of Graduate Studies, Agha Khan University, Karachi.


**COUNTRIES VISITED**

Afghanistan, Austria, Bangladesh, Canada, Egypt, Germany, India, Nepal, Peoples Republic of China, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, Switzerland, The Netherlands, Thailand, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United States.

**REFERENCES**

- Dr. Rasul B. Rais, Visiting Professor, Lahore University of Management Sciences (LUMS).
- Professor Stephen P. Cohen, Senior Researcher, Brookings Institution, Washington DC, United States.
- Professor Marvin G. Weinbaum, Professor Emeritus, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, United States.
- Mr. Michael Krepon, President Emirates, The Henry L. Stimson Center, Washington DC, United States.
- Dr. Iftekhar Zaman, Executive Director, Transparency International, Dhaka, Bangladesh.
SHAISTA TABASSUM (PROFESSOR)
Department of International Relations
University of Karachi

PHONE: (9221)4823190
CELL: (92)3009269135
Email: shaista@rocketmail.com
(Office)(92-21) 9261300-7 Ext. 2549

PROFILE

Professor in the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi. Full time faculty member. Ph.D. from University of Karachi, Pakistan. Author of a book, a monograph and number of research papers and have also worked on three research projects.

TEACHING

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, UNIVERSITY OF KARACHI

- Professor, (2005 till date)
- Assistant Professor (1999 to 2005)
- Lecturer (1989 To 1998)

Other Teaching Experiences

SZABIST (Shaheed Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto Institute of Science and Technology 2003-4) Worked as Adjunct COMMECS (Commecs Institute of Business Management 2004-05) Worked as visiting faculty IBA (Institute of Business Administration 2005-06) Worked as visiting faculty.

EDUCATION

- M.A in International Relations [1987] First Class First Position, Department of Internal Relations, University of Karachi, Karachi, Pakistan.
- B.A (Honors) in International Relations [1986] First Class First Position. Department of Internal Relations, University of Karachi, Karachi, Pakistan.

CERTIFICATES

- Short training course for academicians on International Humanitarian Law organized by International Commission of Red Cross (ICRC), Islamabad, (November 1998).
FELLOWSHIP, AWARDS AND CERTIFICATIONS

FELLOWSHIP

• Received full Fellowship from United Nations under the Program of the United Nations Institute of Training and Research (UNITAR) on International Law at The Hague, Netherlands, 8 July-16 August 2002.

AWARDS

• The Kodikara Award won on the basis of research proposal competition at the South Asian level, given by the Regional Center for Strategic Studies, Sri Lanka 2000.
• Kulsum Bai Valika Gold Medal Certificate on securing First Class First Position in M.A.
• Merit Certificate on securing First Class First Position in M.A from the University of Karachi.
• Merit Certificate from the University of Karachi on securing First Class First Position in B.A (Honors).

PUBLICATIONS

BOOKS

• Tabassum, Shaista, ‘Nuclear Policy of the United States in South Asia: Proliferation or Non-Proliferation, (Karachi: Royal Book Company, 2003), pp-184
• ‘The Lebanese crisis’, in Nigar Sajjad Zaheer (ed.) ‘Middle East Politics’, (Karachi: Department of Islamic History, 2007) pp-

MONOGRAPH

• Tabassum, Shaista, ‘River Water Sharing Problem between India and Pakistan: Case Study of Indus Waters Treaty, (Colombo: Regional Center for Strategic Studies [RCSS]) 2004, pp-91.

JOURNALS

• The European Union and South Asia: the issues of Human Rights and Democracy’, Journal of European Studies, Area Study Center for Europe, University of Karachi (Karachi) vol.20 & 21, no. 2 & 1, July & January 2005, pp 72-86.
INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES / WORKSHOPS ATTENDED

- Environment and Conflict Prevention initiatives’, regional workshop-Asia Pacific case studies, organized by the United Nations Environmental Program (UNEP) Division of Early Warning and Assessment (DEWA), 5-6 June 2006, Bangkok.
- ‘International Conference on American Studies’ organized by Area Study Center for Africa, North & South America, Quaid-e-Azam University, Islamabad in collaboration with USIS, 10-13 October 1994, Islamabad.
- ‘International Workshop on American Studies’, organized by Area Study Center for Africa, North & South America, Quaid-e-Azam University, Islamabad in collaboration with USIS, August 1993, Islamabad.

RESEARCH PROJECTS

- Submitted six months project of the Woodrow Wilson Center and the United Nations Environmental Program, on “Sir Creek”, 2007.
- Submitted one year research project of the Regional Center for Strategic Studies (RCSS), Colombo, Sri Lanka under Kodikara Award, “The River Water Sharing Problem between India and Pakistan: case study Indus Waters Treaty”, 2002
- Submitted six months Research Project on the “Role of Regional Research Institute in Sindh and Balochistan”, funded by the Regional Centre of Strategic Studies (RCSS), Colombo, Sri Lanka in 2000.

PERSONAL
• Female
• Married
• Date of Birth: April 30, 1965.

MUTAHIR AHMED (PROFESSOR)
Department of International Relations
University of Karachi

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ACADEMIC QUALIFICATIONS

Post-Doctorate, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, 2006

TEACHING / RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

1. Professor, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi since October 2005.
2. Assistant Professor, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, from 4 August 1999 to September 2005.
3. Lecturer, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, from 19 August 1995 to 3 August 1999.

RESEARCH POSITIONS

Coordinator, Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution (PSCR), Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.


FIELD OF SPECIALIZATION

Conflict Resolution and Confidence Building Measures particularly focuses on ethnicity, religious revivalism and state society relationship in South, Central and Middle Eastern regions.

RESEARCH PROJECT

• Ethnic harmony and economic development in Malaysia: Lessons for Pakistan, under Asia Fellowship Award, at the University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, 2006.
• Regional Interests in Afghanistan, Research Project, Research Cell, Faculty of Arts, University of Karachi, Karachi, 2007.

PUBLICATIONS


7. The CTBT Controversy: Different Perceptions in South Asia Editor, Moonis Ahmar, (Karachi: Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, 2000), pp. 92-106.


RESEARCH ARTICLES


SEMINARS ATTENDED / LECTURES DELIVERED

INTERNATIONAL

- Participated in a seminar at Monetary Institute, Washington on “Nuclear Safeguard at Risk”, 26 June 2001.
• Participated in the First Conference of the summer workshop Alumni on “South Asia facing the New Millennium” of the Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) in Sri Lanka on September 21-23, 1999.
• Delivered a lecture at a seminar “Managing Regional Conflicts in South Asia”, at the Department of South Asia, Wisconsin University, Madison, Wisconsin, US, 15 December 1993.
• Delivered a talk at workshop on “Prospects of Islamic Fundamentalism in Central Asia”, Fletcher School of Diplomacy, Boston, US, 19 December 1993.
• Participated in a workshop organized by Atlanta University of Technology, Atlanta, on “Conflict Resolution in South Asia”, 21 December 1993.
• Participated in a workshop on “Indo-Pak Conflict: Future perspective”, organized by the Department of South Asia, Colombia University, New York, 26 December 1993.

IN PAKISTAN

• Delivered a talk on “Terrorism in Pakistan”, organized by the RCSS, Colombo, Karachi, 05 January 2004.
• Presented a paper entitled “The role of Violence in South Asian and the Middle Eastern regions as a Impediment to the CBMs Process”, At the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, 17 December, 2001.
• Presented a paper entitled “UN and Afghanistan in a international seminar organized by the Institute of International Affairs at the 50th anniversary of the UN IN Karachi, 14-15 October, 1995.
• Presented a paper entitled “Confidence Building Measures: South Asian Perspective”, in an international seminar organized by the Institute of International Affairs, on 3 April 1995.
• Presented a paper entitled “Europe and Central Asia” in an international seminar organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi , 30-31 October, 1994.

ORGANIZATION OF SEMINARS
Organized an International seminar on “Conflict resolution and Conflict management in South Asia”, with the collaboration of the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi, 3 April, 1995.

Organized a seminar on “Afghanistan in regional perspective”, in the Department of International Relations University of Karachi, 26 October 1998.

HONORS

- Awarded Asia Fellowship Award by Ford Foundation, Research is conducted on “Ethnic Harmony and economic development in Malaysia: Lesson for Pakistan”, 2004-5.
- Awarded Visiting Scholarship for International Visitors Program by the United States Information Services (USIS) from 5 November 1993 to 15 December 1993.

NAEEM AHMED (ASSISTANT PROFESSOR)

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University of Karachi.
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ACADEMIC QUALIFICATIONS

- Ph.D. from the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi in 2007. The topic of the dissertation is: State, Society and Terrorism: A Case Study of Pakistan after September 11.
- Masters in International Affairs from the Department of Politics, University of Cincinnati, Ohio, USA in 2005.
- MA International Relations with First class Third position from the University of Karachi in 1997.

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

1. Assistant Professor, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, since December 17, 2007.
2. Lecturer, at the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, from June 14, 2006 to December 16, 2007.
3. Cooperative Teacher (Full-Time) at the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, from July 16, 2005 to June 13, 2006.
4. Cooperative Teacher (Full-Time) at the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, from January 1, 2000 to June 30, 2004.
5. Cooperative Teacher (Part-Time) at the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, from January 22, 1999 to December 31, 1999.

OTHER POSITIONS

- President, Fulbright Alumni Association, Karachi Chapter.
- Program Coordinator, Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution (PSCR), Department of International Relations, University of Karachi

MEMBERSHIP

- Elected member of the Committee of the Regional Center for Strategic Studies Alumni, Sindh Chapter.
- Member of the Council of Social Sciences (COSS), Pakistan.

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

- Worked as a Research Consultant in the United States Institute of Peace (USIP)/Department of International Relations research project, entitled, "Relevance of Peace Process in the post Nuclear Scenario in South Asia", from January 2001 to December 2002.

RESEARCH PROJECT

- A project on SAARC Simulation Exercise, funded by Hanns Seidel Foundation Islamabad in 2008.
- Completed a research project on The Impact of Small Arms on a Community: A case Study of Karachi, granted by the Regional Center for Strategic Studies (RCSS), Sri Lanka and Small Arms Survey (SAS), Switzerland, in 2001.

COURSES TAUGHT

- United States and North American Studies (M.A. Final)
- Russian and Central Asian Studies (M.A. Final)
- South Asia (M.A. Final)
- Disarmament and Arms Control (M.A. Final)
- Concepts and Principles of International Relations (M.A. Previous)
- Diplomacy (B.A. Hons.)
- Social Change and Development (B.A. Hons.)
- Pakistan Movement (B.A. Hons.)
- Global Issues (B.A. Hons.)

FIELD OF SPECIALIZATION

Domestic and regional security of South Asia with special reference to religious extremism and terrorism; Nuclear issue; Kashmir issue.
FELLOWSHIP / SCHOLARSHIP

- Fulbright Scholarship at the University of Cincinnati, Ohio, USA for the year 2003-2004.
- Chevening Scholarship for the Hansard society research Scholars’ Program at the London School of Economics (LSE) from January-April 2002.

HONOUR

- One of two South Asians who were selected first time for the Hansard Society’s Research Scholar Program at the London School of Economics, London from January-April 2002.
- Worked as a research scholar with Mr. Malcolm Savidge, MP (Labour) Aberdeen (North), from January-April 2002 at the Westminster.
- Secured Distinction (71%) on my performance in the Hansard Society’s Research Scholar Program.

RESEARCH PUBLICATIONS

4. The Impacts of Small Arms on a community: A Case Study of Karachi has been published by the Regional Center for Strategic Studies, Colombo, Sri Lanka in June 2002.

ARTICLES


OTHER PUBLICATIONS


PRESENTATIONS AND SPEECHES

Abroad


3. Gave a presentation on UK’s Response to South Asian Nuclearization and the US NMD Program before the Hansard Society’s research scholars on March 4, 2002.


In Pakistan


2. A research paper on India-Pakistan Relations after September 11 in a workshop on “The World After September 11: Challenges and Opportunities” organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi under the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution (PSCR) on 22 February, 2003.

3. A research paper on The Vision of South Asia in the year 2047: Perceptions on Human Development in a workshop on “The Paradigms of Conflict Resolution in South Asia”, organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi under the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution (PSCR) on 22-23 December, 2001.


7. Presented a research paper entitled, India's Kashmir policy from Nehru to Gujral in a Seminar organized by the Area Study Center, University of Karachi on March 14th, 1998.

8. Presented a research paper, entitled, The Role of the Extra-regional powers in the Gulf Region in a Seminar, organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, on October 23, 1997.

9. Delivered a speech on US Policies towards South Asia in a Seminar held by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi on March 26, 1997.

CONFERENCES/SEMINARS/WORKSHOPS/TALKS ATTENDED

ABROAD

- Attended “Curriculum Development Workshop” at the Gadjah Mada University, Yogyakarta, Indonesia, from April 28-May 1, 2008.
- Attended a talk given by Dr. David Butler, Senior Fellow, Nuffield College, Oxford University, UK, on The British Electoral Process, on March 8, 2002.
- Attended a talk given by Dr. Stephen Coleman, Chairman, Hansard Society, on Democracy and Media, on February 25, 2002.
- Attended a talk given by Iain Smith, MSP, Scottish Liberal Democratic Party on How Does Coalition Government Work?, on February 19, 2002.
- Attended a talk given by Colin Campbell, MSP, Scottish National Party (SNP) on Independence or Bust, on February 20, 2002.
- Attended a talk given by Professor Lord Meghnad Desai, Director, Center for the Study of Global Governance, LSE, UK, on Development and democratisation, on February 4, 2002.
- Attended a talk given by Graham Allen, MP, Labour Party, on Turn Britain into a Democracy, on February 4, 2002.
- Attended a talk given by Peter Lilley, MP, Conservative Party, on Britain and EU Relations, on February 4, 2002.
Attended a talk given by Brian Walker, BBC Correspondent, on The UK and Devolution, on January 28, 2002.


Attended a conference on Consolidation or Confrontation: Problems of Security Building in Asia Following September 11, organized by the Asia Research Center, London School of Economics (LSE), on January 22, 2002.


IN PAKISTAN

Participated in a workshop on The State of International Relations in Pakistan, organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi in collaboration with the Higher Education Commission, Islamabad and Hanns Seidel Foundation, Islamabad, on March 26-27, 2008.


Participated in the 4th Fulbright Alumni Conference in Quaid-e-Azam University, Islamabad, held from 27-28 April, 2007.

Participated in the 3rd Fulbright Alumni Conference in Islamabad, held from 26-28 April, 2006.

Participated in a workshop on The Paradigms of Conflict Resolution in South Asia, organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi under the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution (PSCR) on 22-23 December, 2001.

Participated in a workshop on The Challenge of Confidence Building in South Asia, organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi on February 23-25, 2001.

Participated in a workshop on, The Challenge of Conflict Resolution in South Asia organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi on November 11 2000.

Participated in a Regional Workshop, organized by the Ford Foundation/Department of International Relations Research Project entitled, Peace by Process: Lessons for India and Pakistan from the Middle East Process on April 08, 2000.

Participated in a Seminar on Europe and Kashmir, organized by the Area Study Center, University of Karachi on March 14th, 1998.

Participated in a Seminar on Pakistan and the Gulf Region, organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, on October 23, 1997.

TRAINING

1. Attended a training program on Curriculum Development at Gadja Mada University, Indonesia from April 27, 2008 to May 1, 2008.
2. Participated in a training program on Teacher as a Facilitator, organized by the University of Karachi, from July 19, 2006 to July 22, 2006.
3. Attended a training program on the Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA), organized by the RCSS, Colombo from June 7-14, 2001 in Sri Lanka.
4. Participated in a training program on Research Methodology, organized by Professor Stephen Cohen, Senior Research Fellow, Brookings Institute, USA in September 1999 in Sri Lanka.
LECTURES ARRANGED

o Arranged a lecture of Mr. Sugi Swara, Assistant Director, Regional Centre for Strategic Studies, Colombo, Sri Lanka, on October 23, 1999.

REFERENCES: Available upon request.

SHEILA ZULFIQAR AHMED

Lecturer

W/O DR. MOHD. TOFIQUE
Date Of Birth: December 06’1965
Marital Status: Married with two children.
Address: Apartment No:1, Doctors' Apartments, Sindh Government Services Hospital, M.A Jinnah Road, Karachi.
Contact No (Res): 7734933 / 5888700.
Fax 92-21-2316132 and 92-21-5880865
E-Mail: sheila_ahmed@hotmail.com / szahmed@kuiird.org

Professional Experience

• Lecturer, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, since February 1994.
• Earlier worked as Researcher at the Area Study Center For Europe (ASCE), University of Karachi from October 1993 to mid January 1994.

Educational Qualifications

• Matriculation 1981 in 1st Division from Federal Board, Islamabad.
• F.Sc 1983 in 1st Division from Karachi Board.
• B.A (Pass) 1986 in 1st Class from University of Karachi.
• M.A (International Relations) 1992 in 1st class with 72% marks.
• Diploma in Conflict Resolution from Uppsala University, Uppsala, Sweden on successfully completing the Advanced International Program April-May 1999 at the University's Department of Peace and Conflict Research.

Doctoral Research

She is currently pursuing research on "The European Union's role in the Bosnian War: 1992-1995", for her Ph.D. thesis under the guidance of Prof. Dr Naveed Ahmed Tahir Director Area Study Center For Europe, University of Karachi.
**International Research Tours/Visits**

She undertook a research tour of Bosnia-Herzegovina, U.K and the Netherlands, in Sep- Nov 1997, and obtained primary source material along with conducting related interviews including those of important personalities like the Bosnian Prime Minister Dr Haris Siladzic. This research tour was partly funded by The Muslim Aid International, U.K while most of the expenses were borne personally by Ms. Ahmed. In June 1999 she also visited the European Council and other E.U offices in Brussels, Belgium to gain further source material, for her ongoing Ph.D. research.

**Other ongoing Research Projects/Research Grant**

- She is also working on a book entitled "Antecedents of Hindu Muslim Separatism before the advent of the British", a project that received a rupee 46,000 grant, in April 1997, from the Research Facility Center, Faculty of Arts, University of Karachi.
- Co-editing a book comprising papers read at a one day national seminar, organized by her, on "The Nuclear Option And Pakistan's Security Concerns: Did Pakistan Have A Choice?" on 5\(^{th}\) September 1998.

**Participation in National and International Seminars**

She has participated extensively in national and international seminars.

1) In October 1995 she participated in , *The U.N at Fifty* an International Seminar held by the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, at the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs Auditorium Karachi, on the occasion of the U.N's 50\(^{th}\) birth anniversary, and read a paper entitled *The U.N's Role in The Bosnian Crisis: A Critique*.

2) On 14\(^{th}\) March 1998 she participated in a Symposium held by the Area Study Center For Europe, University of Karachi, on *Europe And Kashmir* and presented a paper entitled *The European Union and The Kashmir Issue*.

3) On 27\(^{th}\) March 1998 participated in an international seminar organized by The Sir Syed University of Engineering and Technology(SSUET), Karachi on the occasion of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's 100\(^{th}\) Death Centenary and presented a paper entitled *Pakistan: The Culmination Of The Aligarh Movement?*.

4) She also has to her credit the organization of a national Seminar on 5\(^{th}\) Sep' 1998 entitled "The Nuclear Option And Pakistan's Security Concerns: Did Pakistan Have A Choice?" The proceedings/abstracts of papers read at the seminar were sent to the Ministry of Information and Media Development. Expressing it's appreciation on the quality of the seminar the Ministry invited Ms. Ahmed to a National Seminar on Solidarity with the Kashmiris (held in Islamabad on 4\(^{th}\) of February'99 in connection with Kashmir Day celebrations) where she read a paper on *Security Implications Of Kashmir As A Nuclear Flash Point For The Region And The World At Large* and earlier in the day also acted as one of the judges in the University Grants Commission (U.G.C) organized Inter-University Declamation Contest on "Kashmir A Nuclear Flashpoint" also held in Islamabad.

5) Ms. Ahmed was also invited by the Bosnian Embassy in Islamabad to a seminar, held on 28\(^{th}\) of March 1999, organized in connection with Bosnia's National Day Celebrations, in collaboration with in collaboration with(monthly) *Overseas Pakistanis* and she presented a paper entitled *The plight of Muslims in Bosnia, Kashmir and Kosovo: Lessons for the Muslim World.*
6) On 25th May 1999 participated in the 1999 Seminar of the Advanced International Program (held in April–May 1999) at the Dept. of Peace and Conflict Research, Uppsala University, Uppsala, Sweden and presented her group's research paper "Success and Failure of International Mediation: A Comparative study of Bosnia- Herzegovina, Kashmir and East Timor."

7) Participated in the 5th International Seminar of the Area Study Center for Europe (ASCE) held on 20-21 October 1999 on Security in Europe and South Asia: Challenges and Options for the Twenty First Century October 1999 and presented a paper entitled European Responses to Crises In The Balkan.

Areas of Specialization /Interest

Europe, in particular the Balkans and Pakistan Affairs/ Freedom Movement of the Muslims of India are her major fields of specialization and other fields of interest include, Strategic Studies, Conflict Resolution, Theories of International Relations, and historical as well as contemporary interactions/ issues between Islamic and Western civilizations/ societies.

Courses Taught

- History of Freedom Movement of the Muslims of the Sub Continent to B.A (Hon) Second year.
- European Studies: Western Europe and Eastern Europe to M.A (Final).
- Strategic Studies to M.A (Final).
- Current Affairs (Essay Paper) to M.A (Final)
- Principles Of International Relations to M.A (Previous) and B.A (Hon) Third Year.
- European Diplomacy to M.A (Previous) and B.A (Hon) Third year.
- Introduction to International Relations to B.A (Hon) First year.

Other Lectures

She has delivered lectures in the Current Affairs and Pakistan Affairs Lecture Series on the Bosnian Conflict; Pakistan China Relations in the Post Cold War era; the Two- Nation Theory; Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and his educational, religious and social ideas/services for the upliftment of the Indian- Muslims. (The Current Affairs and Pakistan Affairs Lecture Series are held at the Department of International Relations, from time to time, for students appearing in the C.S.S/Banking Council and other competitive exams).

Research Publications


5. **Success and Failure of International Mediation: A Comparative study of Bosnia-Herzegovina, Kashmir and East Timor**, a group study done in April-May 1999 at the Department of Peace and Conflict Research, Uppsala University, being published in the *Journal of European Studies Vol. 16, No2.*

7 **European Responses to Crises In The Balkans**, in *Security in Europe and South Asia: Challenges and Options for the Twenty First Century*, published recently by the Area Study Center For Europe, University of Karachi carrying all the papers read at the 5th International Seminar of the ASCE held on 20-21 October ’99.

**List of other publications**

1. **The Beginning of the End.** An article on the 1990 elections in Myanmar (Burma) published in the Monthly *Doua’nes* Pakistan Customs & Excise Journal in its May 1990 issue.

2. **Litmus Test For Indian Secularism**—an article on the Babri Mosque issue, published in the January 1991 issue of Monthly *Doua’nes*.

3. **An interview on the Gulf Crisis of 1990-91** with the then Chairperson Department of International Relations, Professor Shameem Akhter published in the Monthly *Doua’nes* in its January 1991 issue.


6 **An Urdu article on Khud Inhisar** —(Self Reliance) published in the Urdu daily *Jang* on 27th October’1996.

7 An interview with the Charge’de affairs and then acting Bosnian Ambassador to Pakistan His excellency Mr. Omar Ayanovic, entitled "Politics Of Reconstruction Of Bosnia", published in *The News International* of 13th September 1997.

8 The above interview of the then Bosnian Ambassador to Pakistan Mr. Omar Ayanovic was also published in the January’97 issue of the *Journal of European Studies* of the Area Study Center For Europe, University of Karachi.

9 **An Urdu article on, Sir Syed Ka Falsafea Taleem Aur Hamari Taleemi Policy** (Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's Educational Philosophy and Our Education Policy) published in the daily Urdu *Jang* in its 27th March 1998 issue.

10 **Pakistan The Culmination Of The Aligarh Movement?** published in *The News International* in its 27th March 1998 Supplement on Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's 100th Death Centenary.

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Other Academic Activities

- Compiled and composed the first Newsletter of the Department of International Relations entitled IRNEWS and edited its first issue along with Dr. Moonis Ahmar.
- Formulated the course of Environment and International Relations, which was introduced in the Department of International Relations for the first time in January 1998.

Organizational Works

- In the year 1994 organized the entire students week of the Department, single handedly, including a debating contest, a talent show, a fun fair and a Departmental photo session.
- Organized a Lecture Series on Pakistan Affairs held in August 1996 at the Department of International Relations along with its certificate giving ceremony.
- Organized a one day National Seminar on The Nuclear Option And Pakistan's Security Concerns: Did Pakistan Have A Choice? on 5th September 1998 In the true spirit of self reliance this seminar was partly funded by Professor Talat.A.Wizarat, the then Chairperson of the Department of International Relations while the rest of the expenses were borne personally by Ms. Ahmed.

Farhan Hanif Siddiqi (LECTURER)

Department of International Relations
University of Karachi
Karachi-75270, Pakistan.
Tel: (9221) 4219153 (Home) 0323 210 6855 (Mobile)
Email: Farhan_74@hotmail.com

PERSONAL DETAILS

Date of Birth : July 14, 1974
Place of Birth : Kuwait
Nationality : Pakistani

EDUCATION


Jan-Dec. 1995: Master of Arts in International Relations from the University of Karachi. Secured First Class First Position (Gold Medallist).
1991-1994: Bachelor of Arts in International Relations from the University of Karachi. Secured First Division.

WORK EXPERIENCE

1996-Till Present Lecturer, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi, Pakistan. I teach the following subjects: International Politics, International Political Economy, Middle East and Concepts and Principles of International Relations to postgraduate students.

RESEARCH INTERESTS

- State Building and Politics of Ethnicity in Pakistan; Theories of Ethnicity and Nationalism; Politics and Government in Pakistan; Conflict Resolution and Security Dynamics in South Asia; Theories of International Relations.

WORKSHOPS/SEMINARS ATTENDED

2008: Presented a paper Regional Security Dynamics in the Middle East: The Problematic Search for a Regional Leader in the Arab World in the New Faces Conference organised by the German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) in Berlin, Germany.

2008: Presented a paper Theoretical Dimensions of International Relations in a National Workshop on The State of International Relations in Pakistan organised by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi and Higher Education Commission (HEC) Islamabad.

2007: Presented a paper The Pakistani State and Ethnic Movements in the War on Terror: A Theoretical and Empirical Inquiry in the Lahore University of Management Sciences (LUMS) Third Annual Social Sciences Conference on Pakistan in the Current Global (Dis) Order.

2007: Presented a paper Conflict Management in Northern Ireland in an International Workshop on Conflict Management Mechanisms and the Challenge of Peace organised by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi in collaboration with the Hanns Seidel Foundation.


2001: Presented a paper Conflict Resolution and Peace: Conceptual and Theoretical Concerns in a national workshop on The Paradigms of Conflict Resolution in South Asia organised by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi under the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution.

2001: Presented a paper State Building and Internal Security in India and Pakistan: The Need for a Domestic CBM Regime in South Asia in a regional Workshop on The Challenge of Confidence Building in 21st Century: Problems and Prospects for South Asia, organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi under the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution.
2000: Delivered a talk on Pakistan’s Nuclear Capabilities and Strategies as part of the group presentation at the Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) Summer Workshop on "Defence, Technology and Cooperative Security in South Asia" held in Kathmandu, Nepal.


2000: Presented a paper The Economics of the Middle East and South Asia Peace Processes: Regional Cooperation, Integration and Dependence in a regional workshop on Arab-Israeli Peace Process: Lessons Debated for South Asia, organised by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi in collaboration with Ford Foundation, US.


1996 Presented a paper Dual Containment Policy and South Asian Security in an International Workshop on Internal and External Dynamics of South Asian Security organised by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi in collaboration with Friedrich Ebert Stiftung.


PUBLICATIONS

a) Book


b) Chapters in Books

c) Articles in Journals


d) Book Reviews

- Carsten Wieland, Nation State by Accident: The Politicization of Ethnic Groups and the Ethnicization of Politics: Bosnia, India, Pakistan in Contemporary South Asia Vol. 15, No. 4, December 2006.
INTERVIEWS/GUEST LECTURES

- I have presented news analysis on various channels in Pakistan including CNBC, Geo TV and Pakistan Television (PTV).

- Delivered a lecture to the faculty and members of Air War College, Pakistan Air Force, Karachi on Peace Prospects in South Asia in the changing geopolitical environment on July 2, 2001.

RESEARCH ASSISTANTSHIPS

- I have worked as a Research Assistant for the Ford Foundation/Department of International Relations, University of Karachi Project on the Lessons for India and Pakistan from the Arab-Israeli Peace Process from November 1997 till January 1998. My duties included assisting the Project Director in collecting research materials related to the project, organising seminars and workshops conducted under the research project, marking of newspaper clipping files and to help train the users of the computer lab.

- I have also worked as a Research Assistant with Prof. Dr. S.M.A. Sayeed, Department of Philosophy, University of Karachi on his book, Iran Before and After Khomeini: A Study in the Dialectics of Shiism and Modernity from September 1999 till November 1999. I have specially helped him in the chapter on Iranian foreign policy, specially vis-à-vis the United States and the Middle Eastern countries.

SCHOLARSHIPS

- I received an Entrance Grant of £15,147 for my MSc course “Theory and History of International Relations” (1998-99) from the London School of Economics and Political Science.

PROFESSIONAL COURSES


- I attended the United States Information Agency (USIA) Summer Program on the American Political System held at the Southern Illinois University, Carbondale from the 28th of June till the 9th of August 1997.

ORGANISATIONAL WORK

- I organized a half a day’s Workshop on Security in the New Millennium: Envisioning South Asia in the Twenty-First Century in collaboration with the Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) based in Colombo, Sri Lanka on November 25, 2000 at the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.
NAUSHEEN WASI  
M.A. in International Relations  
University of Karachi (1997)  
Ph. D Scholar

Objective: To seek knowledge and influence positive change

Email: nausheenwasi1@hotmail.com  
nausheenwasi@yahoo.com

Research and Teaching Positions

1. 20 May 2006 to date, Lecturer, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.
2. 14 September 2004 to 19 May 2006, Cooperative Teacher, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.
3. April 1998 to date, Lecturer, Education Base, Karachi.
4. 1 August 2000 to 13 September 2004, Research Officer, Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi.
5. 22 March, 2003 to 28 February 2004, Assistant Vice President (Research), Research and Collection Services (Pvt.) Ltd., Karachi.
7. 1 September 1999 to 29 February 2000, Research Assistant in a project, sponsored by the Faculty of Arts, University of Karachi entitled: Communication Linkage between Pakistan and Central Asia: A Case Study of KKH.

Field(s) of Interest

• Changing dynamics of security and approaches to security
• Issues of regional cooperation and integration: prospects for South Asia in general and Pakistan in particular
• Analysis of the world order.

Publications

Booklet

Muslim Political Thought (Karachi: Maktaba-i-Faridi Publications, 2004).

Research Articles/Works


Commentaries


Weekly Analysis

- For a year since 22 March 2003 to 28 February 2004 wrote weekly report, Threat Perceptions (Karachi) on regional and international issues of concern.

Monthly Analysis

- Since March 2003 to February 2004 wrote monthly analysis in Defence Journal (Karachi) on domestic, regional and international situation.

Magazines’ Articles

4. ‘City of Sorrow (Problem of law and order in Karachi)’, *Southasia* (Karachi: April,1999), pp.10-11.
8. ‘Chronic Crisis (Russian Parliamentary Crisis)’, *Southasia* (October, 1998), pp. 48-49.

**Newspapers’ Articles**

Several articles have been published in the following newspapers:

- The News
- Sindh Times

**Workshops/Conferences Attended**

Numerous national and international conferences have been attended playing influential role in the organizational activities and working as program reporter in some of them on:

- International political affairs
- The different disciplines of International Relations
- Study of Conflicts in different parts of the world
- Issues of Pakistan’s internal politics
- Personal skill’s grooming

**Presentations**

(Abroad)

2. ‘Regional Cooperation in South Asia: Issues and Problems’ on 15 November 2005 during the Final Plenary on Democratization, Peace and Regional Cooperation in South Asia organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Goa and The International Centre Goa, held in Goa, India on 13-15 November 2005.
3. ‘Regional Cooperation: Pakistan’s Perspective’ on 25 February 2005 during the Working Group meeting of a Project on Democratization, Peace and Regional Cooperation in South Asia organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Goa and The International Centre Goa, held in Goa, India on 24-25 February 2005.
4. ‘Peace and Security in South Asia: Problems and Prospects’ on 20 September 2004 during the First Plenary Conference of a Project on Democratization, Peace and Regional Cooperation in South Asia organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Goa and The International Centre Goa, held in Goa, India on 20-21 September 2004.
5. ‘Cooperative Security in South Asia: the Future Outlook’ on 1 July 2003 during a two-day workshop on Strengthening cooperation and Security in South Asia-post 9/11, organized by the Bangladesh Enterprise Institute (BEI), held in Dhaka, Bangladesh.
6. ‘Dealing with Nuclear Weapons in South Asia: Safeguard, Verification and Monitoring’ on 1 July 2003 during a two-day workshop on Strengthening cooperation and Security in South Asia-post 9/11, organized by the BEI, held in Dhaka.
7. ‘Economic Dimension of Human Security’ on 20 September 2000 during a 10-day workshop, organized by the Regional Center for Strategic Studies (RCSS), held in Kathmandu, Nepal.

8. ‘Towards Security for all in Southern Asia’ on 13 September 2000 during a 10-day workshop, organized by the RCSS, held in Kathmandu.

(In Pakistan)

1. ‘Prospects of a Comprehensive Peace for the Middle East: Role of European Countries’, on 4 June 2008 in a lecture series organized by the Area Study Centre for Europe, Karachi.

2. ‘Role of Media in International Politics’ on 2 November 2007 during a two-day Media Workshop organized by Liberal Forum at Embassy Inn, Karachi.

3. ‘International Oil Politics in the Caspian Sea Region’ on 21 August 2007 during a day long seminar organized by the Area Study Centre for Europe, Karachi.

4. ‘India-Pakistan Peace Process: An Appraisal’ on 22 February 2007 at Graduate Studies’ Discussion Group, the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.

5. ‘Muslim League: A Contemporary Analysis’ on 31 October 2006 during a one-day National Conference organized by the Department of General History, University of Karachi.

6. ‘Future of SAARC’ on 19 November 2005 during a day-long seminar organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.


8. ‘Muslim Unity: Myth or Reality’ on 27 January 2005 at Graduate Studies’ Discussion Group, the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.


10. ‘Impression from the WISCOMP Workshop on Conflict Transformation’ on 2 August 2003 at Graduate Studies’ Discussion Group, the Department of International Relations University of Karachi.

11. ‘UN on the Brink’ on 5 April 2003 at a discussion program held at the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi.

12. ‘SAARC’s Perspective on Terrorism’ on 22 February 2003 at a workshop organized by the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi in collaboration with Hanns Seidel Foundation, Islamabad.

13. ‘Disarmament in South Asia’ on 26 September 2002 at a discussion program held at the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi.

14. ‘Asia and Africa: Concerning Security and Economic Issues’ on 3 January 2002 at a discussion program held at the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi.


16. ‘Emerging Security Trends in Asia-Pacific Region’ on 1 September 2001 at Graduate Studies’ Discussion Group, the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.

17. ‘Flash Points in Africa: Global Implications’ on 12 March 2001 at a discussion program held at the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi.

18. ‘Problems of Colonial Legacy in Africa’ on 26 October 2000 at a discussion program, held at the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi.

20. ‘Impressions from the Summer School on Arms Control held at Kathmandu’ on 23 September 2000 at Graduate Studies’ Discussion Group, the Department of International Relations University of Karachi.

21. ‘Contradictions in Global and South Asian Trends’, on 29 January 2000 at Graduate Studies’ Discussion Group, the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.


**Training Programs/Courses Attended**

- Curriculum Development Workshop, organized by the University for Peace, Costa Rica in collaboration with the Gadja Mada University, yogyakarta, Indonesia held in yogyakarta, Indonesia from 27 April to 1 May 2008.
- Faculty Development Program, organized by the Ministry of Labour, Manpower and Overseas Pakistanis, Government of Pakistan and Department of Special Education, University of Karachi, held in Karachi from 5-17 January 2008.
- Introduction to Research Methods, organized by the Faculty of Arts, University of Karachi, held in Karachi from 25 June-14 July 2007.
- The Second Conflict Transformation Workshop, organized by the WISCOMP, held in New Delhi from 2-8 June 2003.
- The 10th Global Conference on the Harvard Project for Asian and International Relations entitled ‘Asia and the Knowledge Economy: Opportunities for Progress’, organized by the Harvard University in collaboration with the National University of Singapore, held in Singapore from 27-30 August 2001.

**Honor(s)**

- Obtained fellowship to attend the Second Conflict Transformation Workshop, organized by the WISCOMP, held in New Delhi from 2-8 June 2003.
- Obtained fellowship to attend the 10th Global Conference on the Harvard Project for Asian and International Relations entitled ‘Asia and the Knowledge Economy: Opportunities for Progress’, organized by the Harvard University in collaboration with the National University of Singapore, held in Singapore from 27-30 August 2001.
- Obtained fellowship to attend the ‘Summer Workshop on Cooperative Security in South Asia’, organized by the RCSS, held at Godavari Resort, Lalitpur, Nepal from 10-20 September 2000.

**Leisure Pursuits**

- Reading poetic literature
- Getting understanding of social issues

**Bio Data**

Date of Birth: 22 February, 1976  
Place of Birth: Karachi  
Nationality: Pakistani
Muhammad Owais (COOPERATIVE LECTURER)
Department of International Relations
University of Karachi.

OBJECTIVE:
To serve in a progressive organization offering job satisfaction, a challenging work environment and equally vast opportunities for career development based upon achievements and results.

PRESENTATIONS ABROAD:
Presentation given on topic “Pakistan-Afghanistan economic and trade relations and Pakistan’s aid policy towards Afghanistan” during Conference on “Pak-Afghan Dialogue” held at Centre of Strategic Studies, Kabul on 15th March, 2007.

PUBLICATIONS:

CONFERENCES:
Attended ‘Interdisciplinary Social Sciences International Conference’ held on 4th-5th September, 2007 as a participant organized by Dean, Faculty of Arts, University of Karachi with the collaboration of Higher Education Commission.

EDUCATION:
- Currently doing my M.Phil/Ph.D in International Relations from University of Karachi under the supervision of Dr. Talat A.Wizarat.
- **Research Topic:**
  - Afghanistan-India relations (1947-2005)
  - Implications for Pakistan
    - Attended Course work on ‘Research Methods in Social Sciences and Humanities’ organized by Dean, Faculty of Arts, University of Karachi.
    - PhD Scholar (Conversion from MPhil to PhD approved by BASR, UoK).
- M.A. in International Relations, 1st division from University of Karachi in 2003.
  - Major Subjects
    - Pakistan’s Foreign Policy, European History, Russia, Middle East, International Economics, Strategic Studies.
- B.Sc. from University of Karachi in 1998.
- **Subjects**
  - Maths, Physics, Chemistry.

OTHERS:
- One year Diploma in Computer Science (Software) from Petroman in 1995-96.
Subjects:

- Pakistan Affairs
- Current Affairs
- Political Science
- History of Indo-Pak
- Constitutional Law
- International Relations

- Passed C.C.E. Examinations held under the supervision of Sindh Public Service Commission in 2003.

WORK EXPERIENCE:

From August, 2004 to March, 2005

Worked as a ‘Researcher’ and ‘Correspondent’ in Canadian radio channel FM 101.3 for its Urdu service.

From August, 2004 to August, 2007

Worked as a ‘Lecturer’ in Bahria Foundation College. (O’levels and College Section)
Subject: Pakistan Studies (History and Geography)
Responsibilities: Head of the Department of Social Studies

- Assessing and analyzing the results of the subject in Cambridge and Board Examinations.
- Planning for the better quality of the subject teachers.
- Preparation of yearly Scheme of Studies.

From August, 2007 to December, 2007

Joined Institute of Business Administration as a ‘Researcher cum Teaching Assistant’.
Subject: Social Psychology
Responsibilities: Assessment of all the quiz, assignments and Term Examinations held in fall 2007, upgrading the Campus Management System for the relevant teacher.

From January, 2008

Joined Department of International Relations, University of Karachi as a ‘Faculty member’.

EXTRA CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES:

Reading Magazines and Newspapers, Watching Cricket, Tennis, Football and Programs of Current Affairs on National and International News Channels.
TECHNICAL SKILLS:

MS Office (i.e. MS Word, MS Excel, MS PowerPoint)

PERSONAL INFORMATION:

Date of Birth : 23rd July’1975
N.I.C. no : 42201-0436783-7
Religion : Islam,
Language Skills : English, Urdu.
Address : A-2/103, Malir Colony, Karachi.
Residence no: 021-4113653
Mobile no: 0320-4081060, 0334-3780598
Email: muhammadowais591@hotmail.com

NABIHA GUL (COOPERATIVE LECTURER)
Department of International Relations
University of Karachi.

OBJECTIVE
To seek knowledge and serve in the research/academic field.

Present Position
6 February 2008 to date Cooperative Lecturer Department of International Relations University of Karachi.

Previous Professional Experiences

• November 2004 to 31 January 2008 In charge, Research Section The Pakistan Institute of International Affairs (PIIA), Karachi.

Responsibilities: Carrying out Pakistan Horizon (quarterly journal of the Institute), supervision of research work, editing, proofreading, marking of newspapers, and entertaining research quarries.

• February 2002 to October 2004 Research Officer, The Pakistan Institute of International Affairs (PIIA) Karachi.

• February - December 2001 Research Assistant, Karachi University under USIP/KUIRD Research Project.

Responsibilities: Under my designation of Research Assistant, I was responsible for the marking of newspapers, maintaining clipping files, downloading information on themes related to Conflict Resolution and Peace Studies from the websites, preparation of the Chronology of Conflict and Cooperation in South Asia: August 1947 to August 2001.
Education

  International Relations, University of Karachi.
  Karachi.
- **B.A (1998)**
  Sir Syed Govt. Girls College,
  Karachi.
- **F.Sc (1995)**
  Sir Syed Govt. Girls College,
  Karachi.
- **SSC (1993)**
  Young Folks High School,
  Karachi.

Research

Publications

- **Disasters and International Cooperation**: Case Study of the October Earthquake’ (joint article), Pakistan Horizon, Vol. 59, No. 4, October 2006.
- **Post-9/11 Afghanistan and the Regional Security Scenario’,**
- **Perceptions on Conflict Resolution: Vision of South Asia 2047’** (joint article), Paradigms of Conflict Resolution in South Asia, edited by Dr. Moonis Ahmar, (Dhaka: The University Press Limited), 2003.
- **Chronology of Conflict and Cooperation in South Asia: August 1947 to August 2001**, joint research project, (Department of International Relations: Karachi University Press), 2001.

Newspaper Publications

- **Is it the time for a new Middle East?** The Nation (Lahore), August 7, 2006.
- **An Agenda of Dominance** The News International, December 8, 2002.
Areas of Interest
South Asia (focus on Pakistan-India relations and Nepal), Comprehensive Security, Conflict Resolution and Confidence-Building Measures.

Presentations

- **Conflict Management in Nepal**: Pakistan Perspective, presented at the two-day international workshop organized by the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution, Department of IR, KU, in collaboration with the Hanns Seidel Foundation, Islamabad on 26-27 November 2007.

- **Commonwealth and Pakistan, 14 March 2005**.
  At a seminar on Commonwealth Day held at the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi.

- **Impact of the UN Failure on the South Asian Region**
  5 April 2003, at a seminar held at the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Karachi.

- **Vision of South Asia in 2047: Perceptions on Conflict Resolution**,
  23 December 2001 at a workshop under the Program on Peace Studies and Conflict Resolution, Department of International Relations, University of Karachi and Regional Institute of Peace and Security Studies on 22-23 December 2001.

- **The Need of CBMs is more than a Necessity after the Kargil Crises**, 16 May 2000. At the visit of Michael Krepon, President Henry L. Stimson Center, Washington D.C., USA, to the Department of International Relations, University of Karachi.

Research Project

Assisted the author in Muslim Political Thought, a project of Maktaba-e- Faridi (Faridi Publications, Karachi). (Upcoming publication).

Honours


Participated in the Sixth Annual Training Workshop on Conflict Transformation, organized by WISCOMP, New Delhi, from 16-20 December 2007.

Media appearances

Have appeared in several talk shows as a guest speaker on private Television channels.

Participation

Participated in several national, regional and international workshops/seminars held in Karachi.
Brief Biodata

Date or Birth: 17 December 1976.

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Nationality: Pakistani.

Languages: Urdu, English, and Punjabi, working knowledge of Sindhi.

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